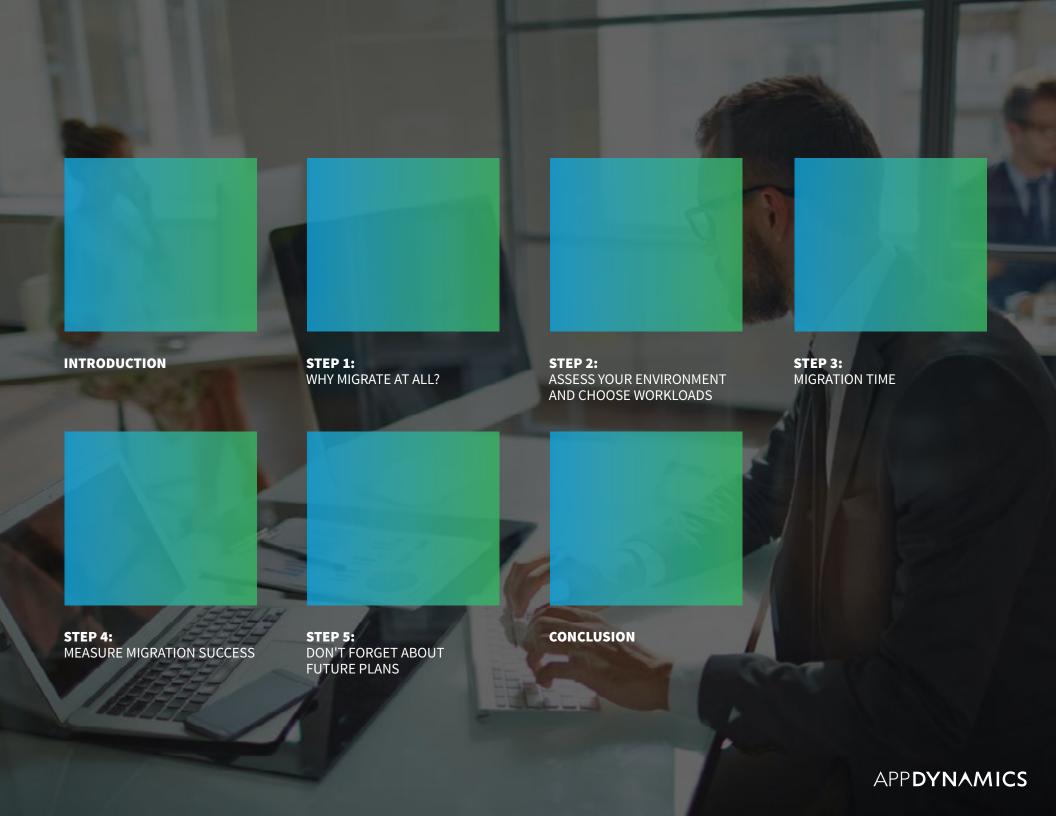
# GOOD MIGRATIONS

FIVE STEPS TO SUCCESSFUL PUBLIC CLOUD MIGRATION

APP DYNAMICS



# INTRODUCTION

#### **CLOUD ON THE RISE**

Cloud computing has been gaining momentum for years. As the technology leaves the early adopter phase and becomes mainstream, many organizations find themselves scrambling to overcome the challenges that come with a more distributed infrastructure. One of those difficulties is getting through a major cloud migration.

It is one thing to roll out a few applications and cloud pilot projects, it is an entirely different challenge to start using the cloud across multiple lines of business at massive scale. That is the point that organizations are beginning to reach, and the time has come to take a serious look at cloud migration best practices.

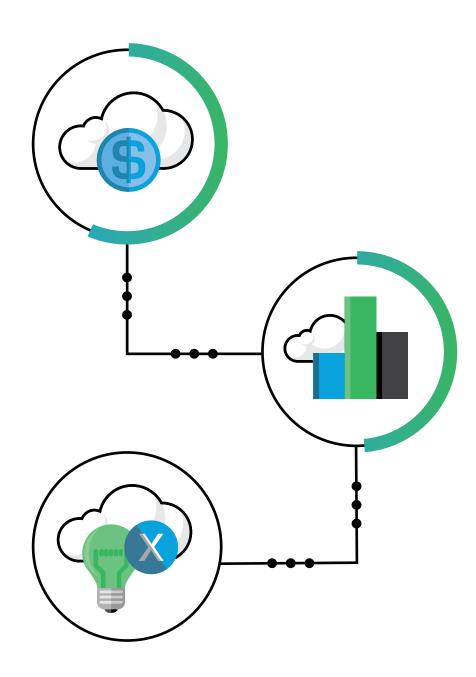
#### **UNCERTAINTY HIGH AS CLOUD GAINS MOMENTUM**

Performance challenges can add up quickly with a poorly configured cloud setup, and companies must get serious if they hope to transition to the cloud successfully. This focus on migration is key as:

CLOUD INVESTMENTS REPRESENT APPROXIMATELY 60
PERCENT OF MARKET REVENUE GROWTH IN THE IT SECTOR<sup>1</sup>.

FORTY-EIGHT OF THE FORTUNE 50 CORPORATIONS HAVE PLANS TO ADOPT THE CLOUD OR HAVE DONE SO ALREADY<sup>1</sup>.

WHILE THE CLOUD IS GAINING MOMENTUM QUICKLY, 52 PERCENT OF IT LEADERS SAID THEY DON'T HAVE A FORMAL CLOUD STRATEGY IN PLACE<sup>2</sup>.



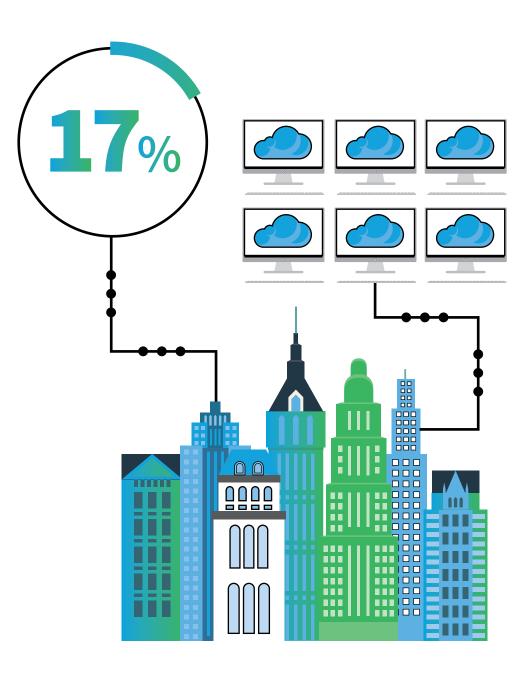
Businesses may be turning to the cloud at a breakneck pace, but that speed is leaving many without a clear plan as to how they want to reach their end destination.

#### UNDERSTANDING THE MIGRATION CHALLENGE

The rapid move to the cloud highlights the underlying challenge businesses face — the pressure to innovate quickly leaves organizations adopting the technology without clear long-term strategies.

This is especially problematic in the cloud world, where poor migration can lead to major performance challenges and management costs that only escalate as organizations get deeper into the cloud. What's more, 32 percent of organizations say they lack resources and expertise to manage the cloud effectively.3

Cloud computing faces performance barriers due to latency created by the virtualization systems existing on services. Furthermore, most public cloud configurations depend on the internet to deliver data, something that leads to companies depending on fairly limited network service plans. When combined, this all means organizations depend on somewhat restrictive systems with shared resources and the weakest part of the enterprise network to support their core cloud solutions.



#### **OVERCOMING MIGRATION DIFFICULTIES**

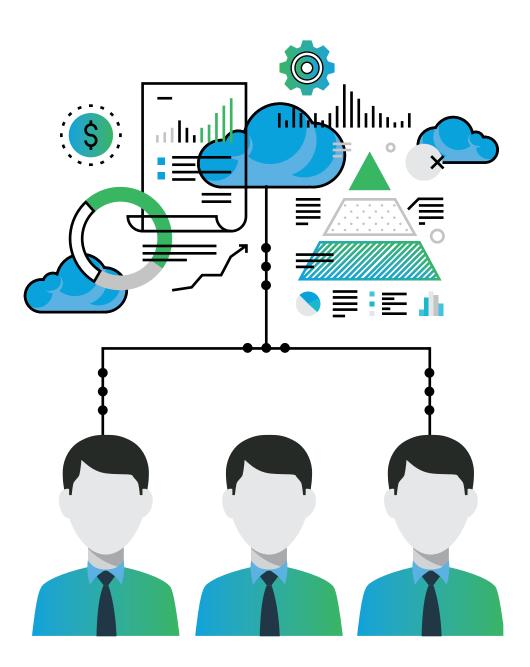
While the challenges that come with the cloud may be discouraging, the good news is that an effective cloud migration can overcome many of the issues that are inherent with the technology.

If your organization is concerned about how the cloud will impact network performance, software-defined networking, WAN acceleration, and WAN optimization are all viable options.

Concerned about especially performance-sensitive applications and services? Bare-metal clouds offer an opportunity to take advantage of cloud models without the virtualization layer.

THE CLOUD INDUSTRY HAS MATURED TO THE POINT THAT ADVANCED TECHNOLOGIES MITIGATE MANY OF THE UNDERLYING CHALLENGES ASSOCIATED WITH THE CLOUD. THE KEY HERE IS TO UNDERSTAND EXACTLY WHAT YOUR BUSINESS NEEDS FROM THE CLOUD AND FIGURE OUT HOW TO MEASURE PERFORMANCE BASED ON THOSE REQUIREMENTS.

Taking a strategic, intentional approach to cloud migration can alleviate many of the technology's core challenges, and following these five steps can help your company navigate the transition successfully.



# **STEP 1:** WHY MIGRATE AT ALL?

#### WHY ARE BUSINESSES MOVING TO THE CLOUD?



Businesses move to the cloud for a variety of reasons, but looking at why organizations migrate to the cloud is an extremely revealing way to explore their core motivations.

## COMPANIES ARE GETTING MORE MATURE ABOUT WHAT THEY **MOVE TO THE CLOUD:**

• By the end of 2017, 21 percent of organizations plan to move data storage and management systems into the cloud. Twenty-two percent of businesses plan to do so in the next one to three years. In comparison, 29 percent of organizations currently have cloud systems handling data storage and management.4

• Twenty-two percent of companies are moving analytics systems into the cloud in the next year, with 21 percent doing so in the next two to three years Just 21 percent of companies currently have analytics systems in the cloud.4

The move toward using the cloud for robust data storage and management, not to mention analytics, highlights maturation in the industry.

Email, messaging, collaboration and file sharing represent some of the cloud's low-hanging fruit that have long dominated the market. Businesses are moving beyond this initial deployment phase to get deeper into the cloud.

As they do so, there is a growing move away from traditional cost-focused cloud adoption models. While the cloud can offer lower costs than traditional systems, and certainly offers a lower entry point, businesses are increasingly aware that the cloud cost model is complex and requires careful management.<sup>5</sup>

The transition toward more sophisticated, potentially expensive cloud systems highlights that meeting business demands is becoming more important than simply reducing costs when it comes time to move into the cloud.

#### WHY IS YOUR BUSINESS MIGRATING TO THE CLOUD?

This is the first question you need to ask prior to a cloud migration. As we've seen, the business world is going beyond the simple issues like cost reduction. With that in mind, companies must get past that entry point and take a more introspective look at why the cloud matters for them.

### A FEW QUESTIONS TO CONSIDER ARE:

- What technology problems are you trying to solve with the cloud?
- How will the cloud support your short and long-term business goals?
- How does a move to the cloud impact your competitiveness in the marketplace?
- What cultural and operational changes are you trying to support by moving to the cloud?

The list of reasons for migrating to cloud systems could go on and on. The reality is that cloud computing is so mainstream in so many sectors that the valid reasons for transitioning are nearly endless. This is why it is so important to be able to concretely and concisely identify exactly why each of your cloud projects are in place.



CLOUD SPRAWL IS A MAJOR ISSUE FOR CLOUD-FOCUSED ENTERPRISES. APPROXIMATELY 64 PERCENT OF BUSINESSES ARE CONCERNED ABOUT GAINING COMPLETE VISIBILITY INTO THEIR CLOUD CONFIGURATION. ANOTHER 63 PERCENT SAY THEY WORK TO PREDICT THE COST OF CLOUD COMPUTING.<sup>6</sup>

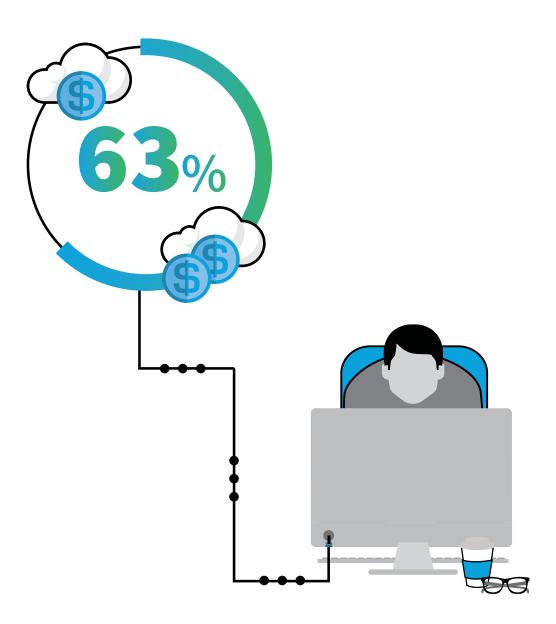
Furthermore, cloud plans have escalated to the point that many businesses don't understand the full scope of their configurations.<sup>7</sup> Avoiding this type of cloud sprawl depends on having a clear, intentional reason behind every phase of the cloud migration.

#### **BRINGING DISCERNMENT TO THE INITIAL DECISION**

As you consider why you are moving to the cloud, avoid doing so for reactionary reasons. Responding to the marketplace is critical, but simply reacting to a few key events can lead to a rushed cloud move that you aren't ready for.

Instead of being pressured into a cloud migration, take the time to figure out all of the motivating factors behind the move. Gaining a full understanding of the organizational issues behind the move to the cloud is key to maximizing the value of technology. Otherwise, companies may solve some isolated problems without gaining major operational advantages.

This type of discernment can protect your organization from a harried move to the cloud that doesn't get the results you want.



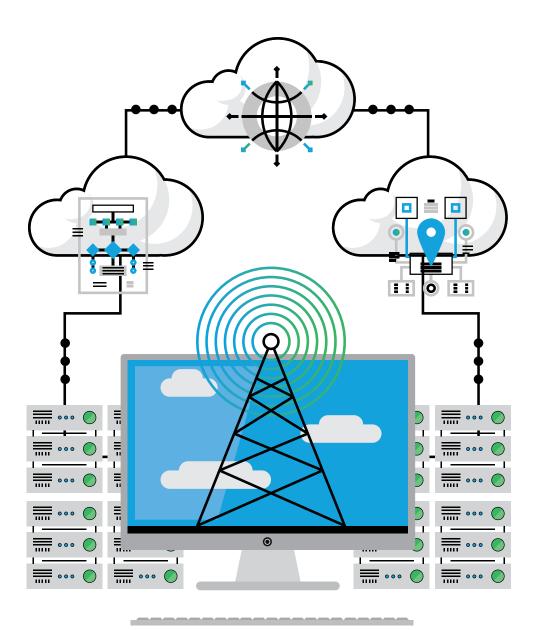
#### **HOW ARE YOU MIGRATING TO THE CLOUD?**

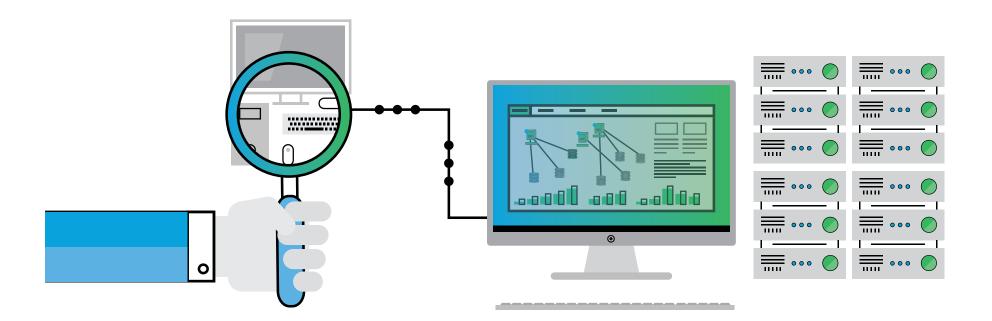
Once you have an understanding of why you are entering the cloud space, you must look at the "how" part of the process. In particular, be aware of:

- Which legacy applications and services won't be able to function properly in cloud environments.
- How you will segregate different data types once they are moving between cloud and in-house environments.
- What training will be necessary to get employees comfortable with new applications and services.
- How the shift to the cloud will impact network behavior.

These questions tie directly back to the big-picture issues. If your cloud plan emphasizes customer-facing systems, then you'll know you may not need to update your WAN as much. However, you will need to train your customer service representatives, so they'll be ready to troubleshoot with clients during the transition.

These core technical questions are a key consideration when asking the big guestions about how you should migrate to the cloud.





# **STEP 2:** ASSESS YOUR ENVIRONMENT AND CHOOSE WORKLOADS

#### **GETTING INTO THE MECHANICS**

The introspection doesn't end when you understand why you are migrating to the cloud. Once you have clear goals and purposes, you must look at your existing configuration through that new lens.

Accomplishing this requires a close analysis of your entire application environment and the underlying systems that support those applications.

As you complete these processes, don't neglect the way that the move to the cloud will also alter user behaviors and accommodate those shifts as you plan your migration.

### **ANALYZE APPLICATION TOPOLOGIES**

The data workflows that intersect your various applications and services are critical to the performance of your business.

If you have applications that serve as data bottlenecks, those applications can quickly derail operations. This is especially true if those applications use legacy methodologies that create management and maintenance overhead.

Understanding precisely how your applications interact with and depend on one another can guide your cloud implementation by providing visibility into:

#### WHERE YOU MAY NEED NETWORK UPDATES

Which applications should be prioritized during the transition Which performance metrics will be needed to evaluate cloud solutions aimed at resolving existing problems

DON'T MOVE TO THE CLOUD WITHOUT FIRST UNDERSTANDING THE NUANCES OF YOUR EXISTING APPLICATION CLIMATE. OTHERWISE, PRE-EXISTING PROBLEMS OR LIMITATIONS MAY UNDERMINE THE TRANSITION.

#### **IDENTIFY THE BEST WORKLOADS FOR MIGRATION**

Every application is going to behave a bit differently in various IT configurations, and you must assess which workloads can make a transition to the cloud smoothly. A few issues to keep in mind include whether applications:

- Interact with data that is considered too sensitive for the public cloud.
- Handle data that is regulated in such a way that trusting a third-party service provider isn't viable.
- Feature legacy programming code or architectures that will react poorly to a virtualized environment.
- Depend on such diverse data sources that moving them off-site would create excess latency as they communicate with databases.

These are just a few key issues to keep in mind as you plan which applications will be best suited to your initial migration to the cloud and which can wait until you are more established with the technology.



#### **EVALUATE PERFORMANCE-SENSITIVE APPLICATIONS**

Performance results in virtualized environments can vary significantly based on the specific architectures used by the virtual machines, creating a degree of unpredictability with a cloud migration.

At the same time, delivering data over the internet to cloud applications adds another layer of latency on top of possible delays created by virtualization.

Because of this, businesses must monitor application performance in their existing configuration, identify how much disruption is considered acceptable for performance-sensitive solutions and consider a strategic migration for those solutions.

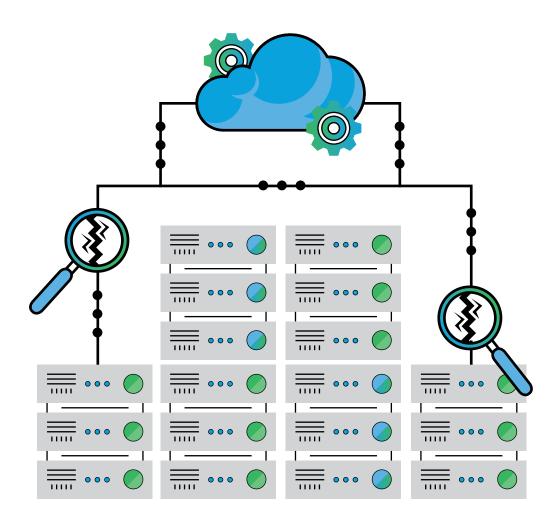
The cloud's scalability can make the technology ideal for some data-rich applications and services, but neglecting performance assessments can leave organizations making compromises their users can't afford.

#### **CONSIDER HUMAN FACTORS**

These technical issues are the foundation for a successful cloud migration, but don't neglect the ways users interact with your systems as you make plans.

Key considerations here include:

- Users accessing applications on a wider range of devices.
- Data being delivered to a more varied array of internal and external sources.
- Increased dependence on wireless networks as users leveraging mobile devices to access cloud applications.



Cloud application performance is incredibly dependent on underlying network and data-sharing systems. As such, looking at the different ways users will access these services is critical in preparing your configuration for a move.

# **STEP 3: MIGRATION TIME**

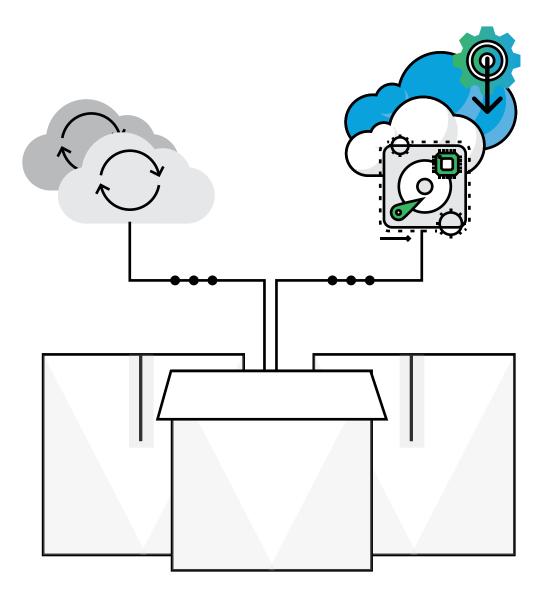
#### IT'S MOVING DAY

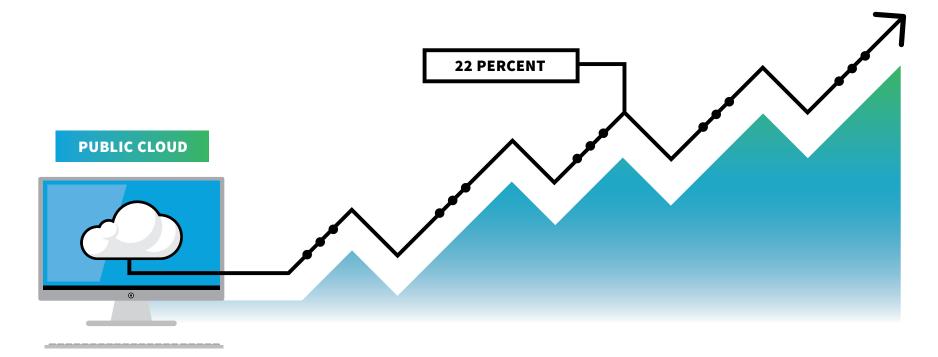
You've prepared for a cloud migration through internal analysis. Now it is time to actually get moving and put your new cloud services into action.

## GENERALLY SPEAKING, THIS PROCESS CAN BE SUMMED UP IN FOUR KEY STAGES:

- Choosing your service providers.
- Identifying responsibilities in the relationship.
- Adjusting the internal configuration around cloud services.
- · Getting users on board.

There are a lot of moving parts involved in a cloud migration, but the strategic work done in planning for the transition pays off when it comes time to put those tactics into action.





#### **CHOOSING A PROVIDER**

Selecting the right service provider for your needs is an essential first part of this process. It also is an area where businesses have more options than they had in the past.

While cloud giants, such as Amazon Web Services (AWS), Google Cloud Platform and Microsoft Azure still boast a huge portion of the market share, regional service providers that offer specialized solution options are gaining momentum in the market.

ON THE WHOLE, THE PUBLIC CLOUD SECTOR IS RISING AT A **COMPOUND ANNUAL GROWTH RATE OF 22 PERCENT.8 EVEN THE** MEGA-VENDORS CAN'T KEEP UP WITH THAT EXPANSION.

The provider variance taking place across the sector gives organizations an opportunity to take advantage of the differences between vendors to leverage specialized services that may better align with their specific needs. Working with multiple cloud providers is increasingly common, so don't be afraid to take a multi-cloud approach.

#### **PINNING DOWN RESPONSIBILITIES**

Cloud computing can create uncertainty around the boundaries in the relationship. Make sure you and the service provider have an understanding of who is responsible for what. Knowing how much control you have over applications in the cloud environment, for example, is critical.

Different cloud providers will offer varied levels of customizability and client responsibility in the relationships, and what you'll need may vary from application to application.

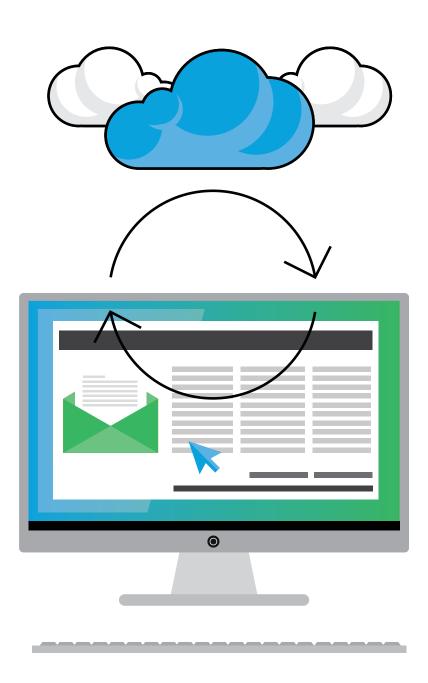
Basic applications may be better off in a set-it-and-forget-it environment. Conversely, you may want to work with a cloud provider that functions more as a technology partner and gives you freedom to collaborate for more performance-sensitive applications. Either way, understanding exactly who does what in the relationship is critical.

#### ADJUSTING THE INTERNAL CONFIGURATION

Cloud computing tends to have an side-interesting effect on IT expectations. As users get accustomed to anytime, anywhere access to data and services, they start to demand the same from internal applications.

What's more, the streamlined data sharing and integration within cloud environments tends to push businesses to ramp up similar processes internally. Throw in the need to divert management resources to govern cloud systems, and organizations are left needing to revisit how they manage their traditional configurations alongside the cloud.

THE IDEA OF CLOUDIFYING NON-CLOUD SYSTEMS ISN'T NEW, BUT IT IS BECOMING MORE IMPORTANT AS COMPANIES DIG DEEPER INTO CLOUD USE ACROSS VARIED LINES OF BUSINESS.



#### **GETTING USERS ON BOARD**

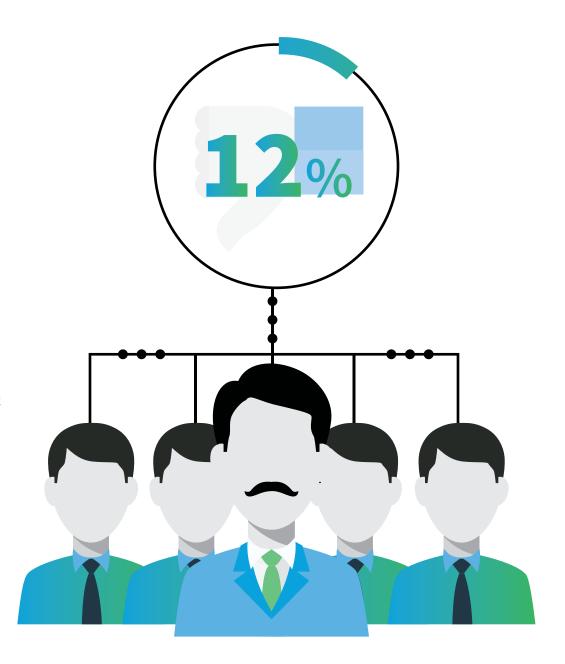
All of the technical advances in the world won't make much of a difference unless employees are comfortable with the technology and on board with the change.

APPROXIMATELY 12 PERCENT OF IT LEADERS MENTIONED POOR EMPLOYEE TRAINING AS THE GREATEST DIFFICULTY THEY FACED DURING THEIR CLOUD MIGRATIONS.9 THAT MADE TRAINING THE MOST FREQUENTLY CITED AMONG OTHER ISSUES, SUCH AS:

- Poor integration (10 percent).
- Poor technical support (9 percent).
- Wrong security settings (5 percent).

The technical barriers to successful cloud migration are significant, but don't let those issues distract you from just how important the human factor is any cloud transition.

Take the time to train IT and business users on how the cloud will affect them, so they are ready to work on day one.



# **STEP 4:** MEASURE MIGRATION SUCCESS



#### THE IMPORTANCE OF MEASUREMENT

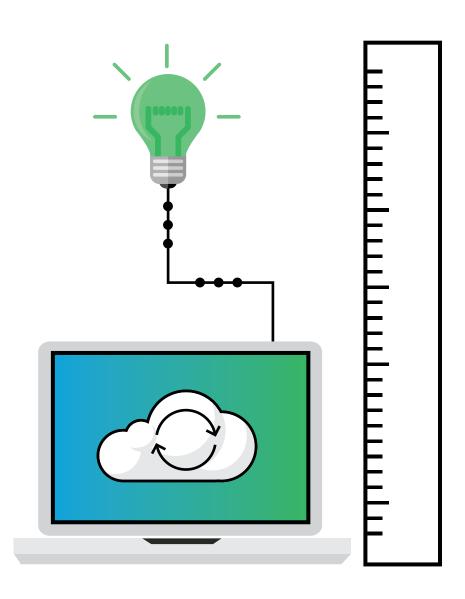
The days of IT operations residing in the background, supporting the business, but being treated as cost sinks, are disappearing.

Instead, IT teams face a new operational climate. On one hand, they have an opportunity to glean bigger budgets from executives because technology is an empowering tool, not just support. On the other, this emphasis on technology creates pressure to demonstrate return on investment.

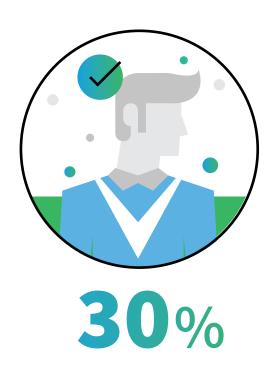
IT leaders can't afford to migrate to the cloud and hope it delivers value. Instead, they must measure and assess performance on an ongoing basis to prove that their time and money deliver direct value to the business.

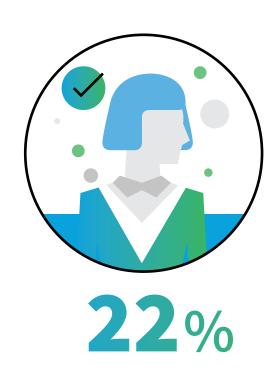
#### **USING MEASUREMENT AS A TOOL FOR EXPANSION**

Cloud computing typically only delivers value to the degree that a business commits to it. Moving a few apps to the cloud may not lead to much ROI, but a large-scale transition can lead to considerable value creation.









FOR EXAMPLE, A SURVEY OF ORGANIZATIONS WITH SMALL-SCALE CLOUD PLANS FOUND THAT JUST 40 PERCENT OF CUSTOMER SERVICE EMPLOYEES, 30 PERCENT OF SALES WORKERS AND 22 PERCENT OF MARKETING USERS SAID THEY HAVE RECEIVED NEW BENEFITS FROM THE CLOUD.<sup>10</sup>

Essentially, the cloud is unable to deliver widespread value if it isn't used at a large enough scale to impact the business as a whole. However, demonstrating that cloud plans should advance hinges on demonstrating the value the cloud creates, so business leaders will be ready to take the next steps.

## **MEASURING CLOUD ROI**

Cloud ROI is notoriously difficult to evaluate because the cloud can touch so many parts of the business. That said, it is not impossible to assess value creation. A few ways to build a foundation for cloud ROI measurement include:

Setting clear goals that you can measure — this is one area where that initial process of figuring out why you want to migrate to the cloud can be valuable Establishing goals across a wide variety of operations — the cloud has a farreaching impact, so expand what you measure accordingly:

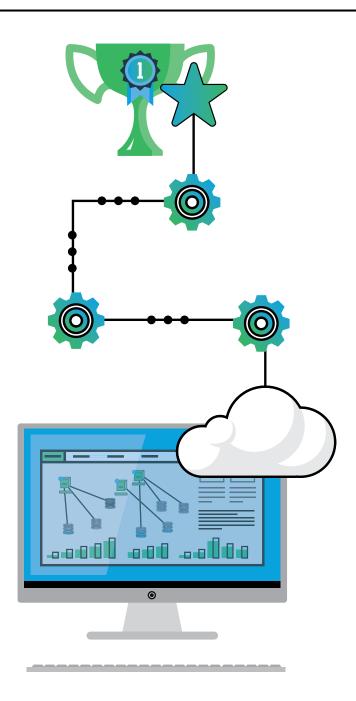
- Setting clear goals that you can measure this is one area where that initial process of figuring out why you want to migrate to the cloud can be valuable.
- Establishing goals across a wide variety of operations the cloud has a far reaching impact, so expand what you measure accordingly.
- Establishing a framework for evaluating abstract elements of the cloud plan — for example, if you want the cloud to improve employee satisfaction with technology, you'll probably need a survey ready.

# **STEP 5:** DON'T FORGET ABOUT **FUTURE PLANS**

#### **CLOUD MIGRATION DOESN'T HAVE AN ENDPOINT**

A transition to the cloud may come at one pivotal moment. For some companies, it is the decision to move a critical workload into the public cloud. For others, it may be the first move to put anything in the cloud.

Regardless of what type of cloud migration process you are in — even if you are working toward becoming an all-cloud enterprise—the transition doesn't end just because you have your new services running.



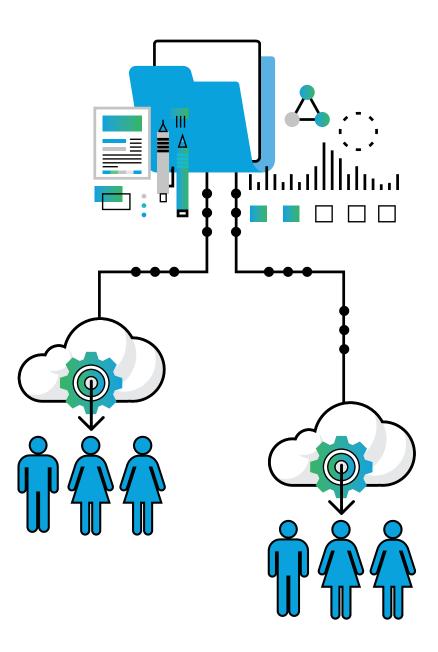
Some of the cloud's greatest benefits come from its flexibility and scalability. As such, any successful migration hinges on establishing a culture of continual improvement in line with future business plans.

#### **IT-BUSINESS ALIGNMENT IS ESSENTIAL**

In some ways, continually advancing in the cloud is similar to starting up again; finding success begins with self-analysis.

WITH BUSINESS TEAMS BECOMING MORE DEPENDENT ON TECHNOLOGY ALL THE TIME, ORGANIZATIONS MUST WORK TO ALIGN PRIORITIES ACROSS IT AND BUSINESS LINES WITHIN THE COMPANY. KEEPING THESE DIVISIONS FULLY SEGMENTED BECOMES INCREDIBLY DIFFICULT WHEN ORGANIZATIONS START TO OPERATE AT THE PACE SET BY CLOUD SYSTEMS.

Getting IT and business leaders on the same page about future strategies is critical to establishing long-term success after a cloud migration. Achieving an effective internal partnership makes it easier to align priorities and establish service road maps that will keep up with market demands.

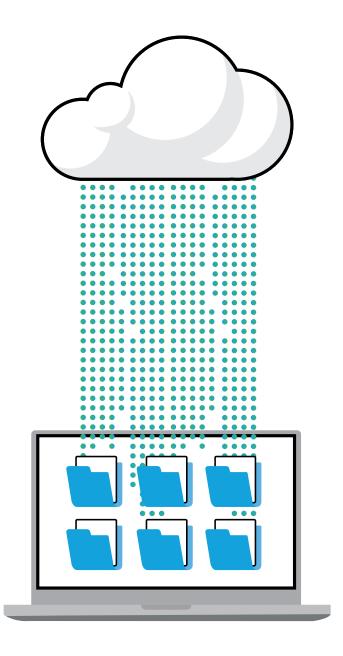


#### **DON'T STOP EVALUATING**

Executing long-term cloud strategies depends on understanding application and service performance at all times. It is not enough to measure initial results from a migration and call it a day.

**CLOUD CONFIGURATIONS CHANGE FREQUENTLY AS** STAKEHOLDERS TWEAK NETWORK AND DEVICE SETUPS. FURTHERMORE, PUTTING MORE DATA IN THE CLOUD CAN IMPACT NETWORK WORKLOADS AND CAUSE APPLICATIONS TO BECOME BOTTLENECKS AS USER BEHAVIORS CHANGE.

All told, making plans for your business' future in the cloud is incredibly dependent on knowing how the cloud has performed in the past and how it is doing at present. These metrics create a framework that allows organizations to define strategies moving ahead and ensure a smooth path for continued cloud improvement.



# CONCLUSION



### PERFORMANCE AT THE CENTER OF **CLOUD MIGRATION**

Application performance is in the heartmiddle of all of these steps. A successful cloud migration hinges on:

- Having a deep understanding of application performance prior to the move.
- Assessing performance throughout the migration to measure value.
- Maintaining key performance measurements to ensure the ongoing health and flexibility of the cloud configuration.

Neglecting cloud performance management can undermine cloud migration efforts, especially as organizations face mounting complexity in their cloud configurations.

WITH APPROXIMATELY 85 PERCENT OF BUSINESSES MANAGING MULTI-CLOUD ENVIRONMENTS, 2 ORGANIZATIONS MUST BE PREPARED TO MEASURE PERFORMANCE OR RISK HAVING THEIR CLOUDS GET OUT OF CONTROL. BUSINESSES CONSIDERING A MOVE TO THE CLOUD MAY WANT TO BEGIN WITH PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS TO SET A FOUNDATION FOR LONG-TERM SUCCESS.

