Oracle Procedural Gateway® for APPC

Messages Guide

10*g* Release 1 (10.1) for UNIX and Microsoft Windows

Part No. B12177-01

December 2003

ORACLE®

Oracle Procedural Gateway for APPC Messages Guide, 10*g* Release 1 (10.1) for UNIX and Microsoft Windows

Part No. B12177-01

Primary Author: Platform Technologies Division

Contents

Send Us Your Comments

Oracle Procedural Gateway for APPC Messages Guide, 10*g* Release 1 (10.1) for UNIX and Microsoft Windows

Part No. B12177-01

Oracle welcomes your comments and suggestions on the quality and usefulness of this publication. Your input is an important part of the information used for revision.

- Did you find any errors?
- Is the information clearly presented?
- Do you need more information? If so, where?
- Are the examples correct? Do you need more examples?
- What features did you like most about this manual?

If you find any errors or have any other suggestions for improvement, please indicate the title and part number of the documentation and the chapter, section, and page number (if available). You can send comments to us at the following e-mail address:

infoibm_us@oracle.com

If you would like a reply, please give your name, address, telephone number, and electronic mail address (optional).

If you have problems with the software, please contact your local Oracle Support Services.

Preface

This guide contains messages for all Oracle Procedural Gateway for APPC products. Use it with the *Oracle Database Server Messages* manual.

You must understand the fundamentals of the operating system for your platform and procedural gateways before using this guide when installing or administering the gateway.

Intended Audience

This guide is intended for anyone responsible for installing, configuring and administering the gateway, and also for developers writing applications that access remote host databases through APPC.

Documentation Accessibility

Our goal is to make Oracle products, services, and supporting documentation accessible, with good usability, to the disabled community. To that end, our documentation includes features that make information available to users of assistive technology. This documentation is available in HTML format, and contains markup to facilitate access by the disabled community. Standards will continue to evolve over time, and Oracle is actively engaged with other market-leading technology vendors to address technical obstacles so that our documentation can be accessible to all of our customers. For additional information, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program Web site at

`http://www.oracle.com/accessibility/`

Accessibility of Code Examples in Documentation JAWS, a Windows screen reader, may not always correctly read the code examples in this document. The conventions for writing code require that closing braces should appear on an otherwise empty line; however, JAWS may not always read a line of text that consists solely of a bracket or brace.

Accessibility of Links to External Web Sites in Documentation This documentation may contain links to Web sites of other companies or organizations that Oracle does not own or control. Oracle neither evaluates nor makes any representations regarding the accessibility of these Web sites.

Related Publications

There are two parts to the documentation set: the documentation specific to the Oracle Procedural Gateway for APPC and the general gateway documentation. You automatically receive both for the Oracle products you have purchased. Use the general gateway documentation to learn about gateway concepts and the Oracle Procedural Gateway for APPC documentation to learn how to install, administer and use the gateway.

The *Oracle Procedural Gateway for APPC Messages Guide 10g* Release 1 (10.1) is included as part of your product shipment. Also included is:

- *Oracle Procedural Gateway for APPC User's Guide* for UNIX or Microsoft Windows

  and, depending upon your platform:

- *Oracle Procedural Gateway for APPC Installation and Configuration Guide for UNIX,* or
- *Oracle Procedural Gateway for APPC Installation and Configuration Guide for Microsoft Windows*

Refer to the *Oracle Technical Publications Catalog and Price Guide* for a complete list of documentation provided for Oracle products.

Conventions

Examples of input and output for the gateway and Oracle environment are shown in a special font:

```
$ mkdir /ORACLE/your_name
```

All output is shown as it appears. For input, the list of conventions and their meanings are as follows:

- `example text:` Words or phrases, such as `mkdir` and `ORACLE`, must be entered exactly as spelled and in the letter case shown. In this example, `mkdir` must be entered in lowercase letters and `ORACLE` in uppercase letters.
- *italic text:* Italicized uppercase or lowercase, such as *`your_name`*, indicates that you must substitute a word or phrase, such as the actual directory name.
- **`BOLD text`** or ***bold italic TEXT***: Bold words or phrases refer to a file or directory structure, such as a directory, path, or file ID.
- ... : Ellipses indicate that the preceding item can be repeated. You can enter an arbitrary number of similar items.
- { }: Curly braces indicate that one of the enclosed arguments is required. Do not enter the braces themselves.
- `|`: Vertical lines separate choices.
- [ ]: Square brackets enclose optional clauses from which you can choose one or none. Do not enter the brackets themselves.

Other punctuation, such as commas, quotation marks or the pipe symbol (`|`) must be entered as shown unless otherwise specified. Directory names, file IDs and so on appear in the required letter case in examples. The same convention is used when these names appear in text, and the names are highlighted in **bold**. The use of *italics* indicates that those portions of a file ID that appear in *italics* can vary.

Gateway commands, file IDs, reserved words, and keywords appear in uppercase in examples and text. UNIX commands, environment variables, and keywords appear in

the required letter case in examples and text. Reserved words and keywords must always be entered as shown; they have reserved meanings within the Oracle system.

Storage Measurements

Storage measurements use the following abbreviations:

- K, for kilobyte, which equals 1,024 bytes
- M, for megabyte, which equals 1,048,576 bytes
- G, for gigabyte, which equals 1,073,741,824 bytes

Accessing Installed Documentation

Documentation for Oracle Procedural Gateway for APPC for UNIX and Windows Platforms

Documentation for this product includes this guide and the *Oracle Procedural Gateway for APPC*, 10*g* Release 1 (10.1) for UNIX or Microsoft Windows, and the Oracle Procedural Gateway for APPC *Installation and Configuration Guide, 10g* Release 1 (10.1) for UNIX or Windows.

To access the documentation in HTML and PDF formats, use a browser to open the top level of the Gateway Documentation CD-ROM. This level contains links to product and your Microsoft Windows or UNIX-specific documentation.

Oracle Product Documentation

Oracle Database product documentation is on the Oracle Database Generic Documentation CD-ROM. Instructions for accessing and installing the documents on the CD-ROM are found in the README file on the top level directory of the CD-ROM.

Oracle Services and Support

Oracle's corporate web page is at the following address:

`http://www.oracle.com`

Oracle offers a wide range of services to help facilitate corporate system solutions, including Oracle Education courses, Oracle Consulting services, and Oracle Support Services from the Web site. In addition, Oracle provides free trial software, updates on Oracle products and service, and technical brochures and data sheets.

Oracle Support Services

Technical Support registration and contact information worldwide is available at the following address:

`http://www.oracle.com/support`

At Oracle's support site, you will find templates to help you prepare information about your problem before you call so that you may be helped more quickly. You will also need your CSI number (if applicable) or complete contact details, including any special project information.

Oracle Technology Network

OTN delivers all product documentation, as well as technical papers, code samples, self-service developer support, and Oracle's key developer products to enable rapid development and deployment of applications built on Oracle technology.

Register with the Oracle Technology Network (OTN) at:

http://otn.oracle.com

All Oracle product documentation can be found at:

http://otn.oracle.com/documentation

Oracle*MetaLink*

Oracle*MetaLink* is Oracle's web service for technical information. Members of Oracle*MetaLink* can search for updates, alerts, patches, and other information about products, releases, and operating systems, or set preferences to be notified automatically of new information. Oracle*MetaLink* offers a variety of services to assist in setting up and administrating Oracle products, including procedures, scripts, commentary, and tuning and configuration best-practices bulletins.

Logon to Oracle*MetaLink* before installing or administrating your product to search for up to date information about Oracle Database 10*g* Release 1 (10.1) for UNIX or Microsoft Windows.

In addition, Oracle*MetaLink* offers forums for information sharing among Oracle customers, and direct communication with Oracle Support Services. Use your Support Access Code (SAC) number to register. Oracle*MetaLink* is available to Product Support Customers at no extra cost.

Sign up for free membership for this service at the following site:

http://www.oracle.com/support/metalink

Oracle Products and Other Documentation

The Oracle Store Web site has links to U.S. and other countries:

http://store.oracle.com

Customer Service

Oracle Support Services contacts are listed at:

http://www.oracle.com/support/

Support for Hearing and Speech Impaired Customers

Oracle provides dedicated Text Telephone (TTY) access to Oracle Support Services within the United States of America 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

- For technical questions, call:

  1.800.446.2398

- For non-technical questions, call:

  1.800.464.2330

Education and Training

Training information and worldwide schedules are available from:

http://education.oracle.com

1

TIP Exceptions

This chapter lists the TIP exceptions issued by the PGAU-generated TIPs and provides a possible cause and recommended action for each message.

This chapter contains the following section:

Messages ORA-20700 to ORA-20704

ORA-20700 PGA_TIP: repeating group limits exceeded

Cause: The repetition count in a repeating group is outside its limits as defined in the PG DD for the group. The actual data being converted and exchanged through the TIP contains a count field with an invalid number.

Action: Generate the TIP with data conversion and data exchange tracing as required or rerun the application with tracing enabled. Analyze the resulting TIP and gateway server traces. Supported customers can contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

ORA-20701 PGA_TIP: sent data length invalid *cname pname*, expected *elen*, converted *clen*

Cause: TIP data lengths for the send parameter *cname pname* did not correspond. One of the indicated lengths, *elen* or *clen*, is incorrect.

Action: Generate the TIP with data conversion and data exchange tracing as required or rerun the application with tracing enabled. Analyze the resulting TIP and gateway server traces. Supported customers can contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

ORA-20702 PGA_TIP: received data length invalid *cname pname*, expected *elen*, received *rlen*, converted *clen*

Cause: TIP data lengths for the received parameter *cname pname* did not correspond. One of the indicated lengths, *elen*, *rlen*, or *clen*, is incorrect.

Action: Generate the TIP with data conversion and data exchange tracing as required or rerun the application with tracing enabled. Analyze the resulting TIP and gateway server traces. Supported customers can contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

ORA-20703 PGA_TIP: pipe send error, rc = *rc*

Cause: The indicated error, *rc*, occurred on a DBMS_PIPE send call. The call was done because TIP tracing was enabled. If rc=1, then the 60 second pipe wait time elapsed. This is usually because the TIP trace pipe has overflowed at the inlet due to the trace message inflow exceeding 16K.

Action: Ensure that the **rtrace.sql** procedure is run often enough to keep the pipe from filling and that the server output size is sufficient to hold the trace stream between rtrace calls. For more information, refer to Chapter 6, "Problem Determination," in your *Oracle Procedural Gateway for APPC User's Guide*. Supported customers can contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

ORA-20704 PGA_TIP: tranuse value can not be shared

Cause: The tranuse value passed to a TIP function is of the type used for unshared TIP conversations associated with TIPs generated prior to release 3.4.0. This can happen when a pre-3.4.0 version of a TIP was used to initiate a conversation and its tranuse value was subsequently passed to a post-3.4.0 TIP in an attempt to use both TIPs in a shared conversation.

Action: Regenerate the pre-3.4.0 TIP to cause it to pick up a new function that supports the TIP conversation sharing feature, or do not initiate the conversation with (or otherwise use) the old TIP with the new TIP, or do not call the new TIP for the active conversation. Pre-3.4.0 TIPs cannot be used with post-3.4.0 TIPs for shared conversations.

2

Procedural Gateway Server Messages

This chapter lists the messages issued by the Oracle Procedural Gateway for APPC server and provides a possible cause and recommended action for each message. In addition to these messages, there are gateway messages, prefixed with GTW, documented in the *Oracle Open Gateways Guide for SQL-Based and Procedural Gateways*.

This chapter contains the following sections:

Messages PGA-20900 to PGA-20927

PGA-20900 unable to obtain *n* bytes of storage for *description*

Cause: Memory shortage in the gateway server process.

Action: Ensure that your system has enough available memory to support the number of concurrent users you are running.

PGA-20901 internal gateway error: [*arg1*] [,*arg2*] [,*arg3*] [,*arg4*] [,*arg5*]

Cause: Internal error in the gateway server process.

Action: Reproduce the error with debugging enabled in order to produce a log file. Supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGA-20905 invalid conversation id: no active conversations were found

Cause: There were no APPC conversations active for the user.

Action: Check that the application is not calling the PL/SQL TIP routines out of sequence.

PGA-20906 invalid conversation id: no matching conversation was found

Cause: The conversation id received from the caller is not a valid active conversation id.

Action: Check that the application is not calling the PL/SQL TIP routines out of sequence.

PGA-20907 preceding error occurred during gateway func processing

Cause: An error occurred processing the specified Oracle function *func*. This message is preceded by additional messages providing more information about the error.

Action: Refer to the messages preceding this one to determine the course of action.

Locate Error Message PGA-20910 for Your Platform From This List

PGA-20910 communication error: CPI-C *func* failed, rc = *rc*, errno = *errno*

Cause: (on AIX systems) An unexpected communication error occurred while executing the specified CPI-C function (*func)*. The CPI-C function return code (*rc)* and system error number (*errno)* are provided in the message text. The CPI-C function return codes and system error numbers are described in the vendor documentation. Also, the CPI-C return codes can be found in the **/usr/include/cmc.h** header file, and the AIX SNA system error numbers can be found in the **/usr/include/luxsna.h** header file.

Table 2–1 lists some commonly received rc and errno combinations on AIX, and their possible causes.

Action: Determine the cause of the communications error, correct it, and rerun the transaction.

Table 2–1 Error Message PGA-20910 for AIX Systems

rc	errno	Possible Cause(s)
1	22	The partner LU location profile for the target LU is either missing or incorrect, or the target LU is not active or has not enabled SNA communications.

Table 2–1 (Cont.) Error Message PGA-20910 for AIX Systems

rc	errno	Possible Cause(s)
1	25	The LU name is not defined on the target system. This name is the fully-qualified LU name specified in either the Side Information Profile or the Partner LU Location Profile.
6	133	A security violation occurred on the target system. Either the user ID/password is not valid on that system, or the user ID is not authorized to execute the requested transaction.
9	127	The transaction program requested is not defined to the target LU.
10	147	The transaction program requested is defined to the target LU, but could not be found.
17	121	The transaction program terminated abnormally on the target LU, or issued a DEALLOCATE_ABEND.
19	9	Either the target LU name or alias is not defined locally to SNA Server, the mode name is not defined locally to SNA Server, or the mode name is not defined to the target LU.
20	125	The SNA session on which the conversation was running has been terminated, or SNA communication package is shutting down.
20	160	SNA Server is not currently running.

PGA-20910 communication error: CPI-C *func* failed, rc = *rc*, errno = *errno*

Cause: (on HP-UX) An unexpected communication error occurred while executing the specified CPI-C function (*func)*. The CPI-C function return code (*rc)* and system error number (*errno)* are provided in the message text. The CPI-C function return codes and system error numbers are described in the vendor documentation.

Some commonly received return codes and their possible causes on HP-UX are listed in Table 2–2 below.

Action: Determine the cause of the communications error, correct it, and rerun the transaction.

Table 2–2 Error Message PGA-20910 for HP-UX

rc	errno	Possible Cause(s)
2	n/a	The target LU is not active or has not established communications with the SNA communications package.
6	n/a	A security violation occurred on the target system. Either the user ID or password is not valid on that system, or the user ID is not authorized to execute the requested transaction on the target OLTP.
9	n/a	The transaction program requested is not defined to the target OLTP.
10	n/a	The transaction program requested is defined to the target OLTP, but could not be found.
17	n/a	The transaction program terminated abnormally on the target OLTP, or issued a DEALLOCATE_ABEND.

Table 2–2 (Cont.) Error Message PGA-20910 for HP-UX

rc	errno	Possible Cause(s)
19	n/a	The mode name specified was not defined in the mode table for the target LU, or the LU name specified does not exist, or the LU name specified is not defined to the SNA communication packages.
26	n/a	The SNA communication package is not active, or the local node or link station is not active.

PGA-20910 communication error: CPI-C *func* failed, rc = *rc*, errno = *errno*

Cause: (on Solaris) An unexpected communication error occurred while executing the specified CPI-C function (*func*). The CPI-C function return code (*rc)* and system error number (*errno)* are provided in the message text. For the SNA communication package, CPI-C function return codes are described in the Solaris vendor documentation.

Table 2–3 lists some commonly received rc and errno combinations, and their possible causes on Solaris.

Action: Determine the cause of the communications error, correct it, and rerun the transaction.

Table 2–3 Error Message PGA-20910 for Solaris

rc	errno	Possible Cause(s)
6	5	A security violation occurred on the target system; either the user ID or password is not valid on that system or the user ID is not authorized to execute the requested transaction on the target OLTP.
9	0	The transaction program requested is not defined to the target OLTP.
17	0	The transaction program terminated abnormally on the target OLTP, or issued a DEALLOCATE_ABEND.

PGA-20910 communication error: CPI-C *func* failed, rc = *rc*, errno = *errno*

Cause: (on Microsoft Windows) An unexpected communication error occurred while executing the specified CPI-C function (*func*). The CPI-C function return code (rc) and system error number (*errno*) are provided in the message's text. The CPI-C function return codes are described in the vendor documentation. Also, the CPI-C return codes are contained in the **C:\bkoffice\include\wincpic.h** header file. The system error number is meaningless for the Host Integration Server on Microsoft Windows and is usually "0".

Table 2–4 lists some commonly received rc/errno messages, and their possible causes.

Action: Determine the cause of the communication error, correct it and rerun the transaction.

Table 2–4 Error Message PGA-20910 for Microsoft Windows

rc	errno	Possible Cause(s)
2	0	Either the target LU name is not defined on the target system or the mode name is not defined on the target system.

Table 2–4 (Cont.) Error Message PGA-20910 for Microsoft Windows

rc	errno	Possible Cause(s)
6	0	A security violation occurred on the target system; either the user ID or password is not valid on that system or the user ID is not authorized to execute the requested transaction.
9	0	The transaction program requested is not defined to the target LU.
10	0	The transaction program requested is defined to the target LU, but could not be found.
17	0	The transaction program terminated abnormally on the target LU, or issued a DEALLOCATE _ABEND.
19	0	The target LU is not active or has not established communication with the Microsoft Host Integration Server.
20	0	Either the target LU name or alias is not defined locally to the Microsoft Host Integration Server, or the mode name is not defined locally to the Microsoft Host Integration Server.

If you are using the IBM Communication Server, the error message numbers and return codes you get are different from those listed above. Refer to the wincpic.h file for more information about error message numbers.

PGA-20911 update transaction is already active with TP *tpname* at LU *luname*

Cause: Transaction *tpname* has already been started at LU *luname* by a PGAINIT call with synclevel set to 1 or 2. Only one transaction at synclevel 1 or 2 is allowed at any given time.

Action: The new transaction is not started. Change your application to start the second update transaction after the first one has completed.

PGA-20912 send and receive buffer lengths cannot both be zero

Cause: Both the send and receive buffer lengths passed to PGAXFER were zero. This is invalid.

Action: Check that the PGDL and COBOL record descriptions used to define the transaction to PGAU are in sync with the transaction program and that the PL/SQL TIP was generated by PGAU using the correct definitions. If modifications have been made to the generated PL/SQL code, then check that they are correct.

PGA-20914 send buffer length of *len* exceeds actual send buffer size of *size*

Cause: The send buffer length (*len)* passed to PGAXFER was larger than the actual size (*size)* of the send buffer passed to PGAXFER.

Action: Check that the PGDL and COBOL record descriptions used to define the transaction to PGAU are in sync with the transaction program and that the PL/SQL TIP was generated by PGAU using the correct definitions. If modifications have been made to the generated PL/SQL code, then check that they are correct.

PGA-20915 receive buffer length of *len* exceeds the maximum of *max*

Cause: The receive buffer length *len* passed to PGAXFER was larger than the maximum allowed length *max*.

Action: Check that the PGDL and COBOL record descriptions used to define the transaction to PGAU are in sync with the transaction program and that the PL/SQL TIP was generated by PGAU using the correct definitions. If

modifications have been made to the generated PL/SQL code, then check that they are correct.

PGA-20916 send count is *count* but only *num* send lengths were specified

Cause: The first value *count* in the send lengths array passed to PGAXFER specified more elements than the send lengths array contained. Only *num* elements were found in the array.

Action: Check that the PGDL and COBOL record descriptions used to define the transaction to PGAU are in sync with the transaction program and that the PL/SQL TIP was generated by PGAU using the correct definitions. If you have modified the generated PL/SQL code, check that the modifications are correct.

PGA-20917 receive count is *count* but only *num* receive lengths were specified

Cause: The first value *count* in the receive lengths array passed to PGAXFER specified more elements than the receive lengths array contained. Only *num* elements were found in the array.

Action: Check that the PGDL and COBOL record descriptions used to define the transaction to PGAU are in sync with the transaction program and that the PL/SQL TIP was generated by PGAU using the correct definitions. If you have modified the generated PL/SQL code, check that the modifications are correct.

PGA-20918 send length number *num* is *len* but only *bytes* bytes are left in the buffer

Cause: The length (*len)* specified in send lengths array element number *num* exceeded the number of bytes (*bytes)* of data remaining in the send buffer.

Action: Check that the PGDL and COBOL record descriptions used to define the transaction to PGAU are in sync with the transaction program and that the PL/SQL TIP was generated by PGAU using the correct definitions. If modifications have been made to the generated PL/SQL code, then check that they are correct.

PGA-20919 receive length number *num* is *len* but only *bytes* bytes are left in the buffer

Cause: The length *len* specified in receive lengths array element number *num* exceeded the number of bytes (*bytes)* of space remaining in the receive buffer.

Action: Check that the PGDL and COBOL record descriptions used to define the transaction to PGAU are in sync with the transaction program and that the PL/SQL TIP was generated by PGAU using the correct definitions. If modifications have been made to the generated PL/SQL code, then check that they are correct.

PGA-20920 unexpected request-to-send received

Cause: The remote transaction program requested to send data when the gateway was still sending data.

Action: Check that the PGDL and COBOL record descriptions used to define the transaction to PGAU are in sync with the transaction program and that the PL/SQL TIP was generated by PGAU using the correct definitions. If modifications have been made to the generated PL/SQL code, then check that they are correct.

PGA-20921 buffer overflow on receive: requested *num* bytes, received *len* bytes

Cause: The remote transaction program sent *len* bytes of data when the gateway was expecting to receive only *num* bytes.

Action: Check that the PGDL and COBOL record descriptions used to define the transaction to PGAU are in sync with the transaction program and that the PL/SQL TIP was generated by PGAU using the correct definitions. If modifications have been made to the generated PL/SQL code, then check that they are correct.

PGA-20922 no data available to receive: *num* bytes were requested

Cause: The remote transaction program has either requested to receive or deallocated the conversation, but the gateway is still expecting to receive more data.

Action: Check that the PGDL and COBOL record descriptions used to define the transaction to PGAU are in sync with the transaction program and that the PL/SQL TIP was generated by PGAU using the correct definitions. If modifications have been made to the generated PL/SQL code, then check that they are correct.

PGA-20923 unexpected status, *stat*, received after *func*

Cause: An unexpected status code *stat* was received from the remote transaction program following the CPI-C *func* call. The descriptive name of the status code is *desc*. *func* is the CPI-C function receiving the status.

Action: This is usually a problem with the remote transaction program or a network problem. The status codes for each CPI-C function call are documented in the platform-specific SNA software documentation for your system. Refer to the "System Requirements" chapter of the *Oracle Procedural Gateway for APPC Installation and Configuration Guide* for your platform for titles of SNA software documentation.

PGA-20924 unable to enter send state for normal deallocate, state = *state* (*desc*)

Cause: The gateway was unable to enter send state to perform a normal deallocation. The conversation state is *state*, and its descriptive name is *desc*.

Action: This is usually a problem with the remote transaction program or a problem with the network. Check the remote system for diagnostic information. The gateway performs an abnormal deallocation after this error has been encountered.

PGA-20925 missing LU/TP/Mode name parameter and no side info profile specified

Cause: PGAINIT was called with no Side Information profile name specified but the LU name, TP name and Mode name parameters were not all filled in with non-blank values.

Action: Check the PGDL used to define the transaction program to PGAU to ensure either a valid Side Information profile name is specified (SIDEPROFILE keyword), or that the LU name, TP name and Mode name (LUNAME, TPNAME, LOGMODE keywords) are all specified with valid values. If no Side Information profile is specified, then the LU name, TP name and Mode name parameters are all required.

PGA-20926 userid *uid* length of *len* is invalid; maximum length is *max*

Cause: The user ID (*uid)* is too long (*len*) to be used with APPC conversation security. The maximum allowable length for the user ID is (*max*) characters. This can occur only when the gateway initialization parameter PGA_SECURITY_TYPE is set to either SAME or PROGRAM.

Action: The user ID must be changed to a shorter value on both the client system and the system where the remote transaction program is being executed. This restriction is imposed by SNA and APPC, not by the gateway.

PGA-20927 password length of *len* is invalid; maximum length is *max*

Cause: The password length is too long (*len*) to be used with APPC conversation security. The maximum allowable length for the password is (*max)* characters. This can occur only when the gateway initialization parameter PGA_SECURITY_TYPE is set to PROGRAM.

Action: The password must be changed to a shorter value on both the client system and the system where the remote transaction program is being executed. This restriction is imposed by SNA and APPC, not by the gateway.

Messages PGA-20930 to PGA-21451

PGA-20930 invalid SYNCLEVEL, *sync*, specified; valid range is *min:max*

Cause: The synclevel, *sync*, passed to PGAINIT is not a valid value. This value is specified by the SYNCLEVEL keyword in the DEFINE TRANSACTION statement used to define the transaction to PGAU.

Action: The value for the SYNCLEVEL must fall within the range *min*:*max*. Correct the value specified in the DEFINE TRANSACTION statement for the SYNCLEVEL keyword and regenerate the PL/SQL TIP using PGAU.

PGA-20931 send buffer length of *len* exceeds the maximum of *max*

Cause: The send buffer length, *len*, passed to PGAXFER was larger than the maximum allowed, *max*.

Action: Check that the PGDL and COBOL record descriptions used to define the transaction to PGAU do not define any data items larger than the maximum size allowed by APPC. Correct the data item(s) in error and regenerate the PL/SQL TIP using PGAU.

PGA-20932 invalid function code, *func*, passed to pgatctl

Cause: The function code, *func*, passed to the PGATCTL function was invalid.

Action: Correct the function code in the PL/SQL procedure, recompile it and retry the operation.

PGA-20933 invalid value specified by initialization parameter *keyword=value*

Cause: The keyword parameter *keyword=value* specifies an invalid value.

Action: Refer to the *Oracle Procedural Gateway for APPC Installation and Configuration Guide* documenting gateway initialization parameters for the keyword and correct the error.

PGA-20934 side information profile *profile* not defined; cannot establish conversation

Cause: The Side Information profile (*profile)* is not defined to the SNA software. Either the profile name was misspelled, or no profile has been defined.

Action: Correct the profile name if it was misspelled, or have the profile defined to the SNA software if it was not already defined.

PGA-20935 sync level *sync* is not allowed when PGA_CAPABILITY=*cap*

Cause: The sync level parameter that was requested (*sync)* passed to PGAINIT was incompatible with the setting of the PGA_CAPABILITY gateway initialization parameter, (*cap)*.

Action: If the sync level passed to PGAINIT is correct, then the gateway initialization parameter PGA_CAPABILITY must be changed to allow the desired sync level to be supported. If the sync level is not correct, then the TIP should be changed to specify the correct sync level in the call to PGAINIT. If the TIP was generated by PGAU, then the SYNCLEVEL keyword of the DEFINE TRANSACTION statement should be changed to specify the correct sync level and the TIP should be regenerated. In the following list, each PGA_CAPABILITY value setting is followed by the number of the sync level(s) that are valid for that setting:

- READ_ONLY or RO: 0 sync levels allowed
- SINGLE_SITE or SS: 0, 1 sync levels allowed
- COMMIT_CONFIRM or CC: 0,1 sync levels allowed

PGA-20936 send buffer length is *len* but no send lengths were specified

Cause: The send buffer length passed to PGAXFER was *len*, but the send lengths array was either null or contained a send count of zero.

Action: Check that the PGDL or COBOL record descriptions used to define the transaction to PGAU are synchronized with the transaction program and that the PL/SQL TIP was generated by PGAU using the correct definitions.

PGA-20937 receive buffer length *len* but no receive lengths were specified

Cause: The receive buffer length passed to PGAXFER was *len*, but the receive lengths array was either null or contained a receive count of zero.

Action: Check that the PGDL or COBOL record descriptions used to define the transaction to PGAU are synchronized with the transaction program and that the PL/SQL TIP was generated by PGAU using the correct definitions.

PGA-20938 send lengths array too small (*len*) to contain a valid send count

Cause: The send lengths array passed to PGAXFER was too small to contain a valid send item count. The actual length of the send lengths array was *len*. The minimum length of the send lengths array is 4 bytes.

Action: If the TIP was generated by PGAU, then ensure that it was not modified incorrectly. If the TIP was not modified, then supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services for assistance. If the TIP was modified or was not generated by PGAU, then correct the send lengths array passed to PGAXFER.

PGA-20939 receive lengths array too small (*len*) to contain a valid receive count

Cause: The receive lengths array passed to PGAXFER was too small to contain a valid receive item count. The actual length of the receive lengths array was *len*. The minimum length of the receive lengths array is 4 bytes.

Action: If the TIP was generated by PGAU, then ensure that it was not modified incorrectly. If the TIP was not modified, then supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services for assistance. If the TIP was modified or was not generated by PGAU, then correct the receive lengths array passed to PGAXFER.

PGA-20945 unable to log on to Oracle for transaction logging

Cause: The gateway server was unable to connect to the Oracle server where the transaction log table is stored. An Oracle server message will follow this message.

Action: Ensure that the Oracle server and its TNS listener are both operational. Also check the PGA_LOG_DB, PGA_LOG_USER and PGA_LOG_PASS parameters in the gateway initialization file and ensure that they specify the correct database string, user ID and password, respectively. Refer to the *Oracle Database Server Messages* for information on this Oracle server message.

PGA-20947 unable to bind variable *var* for transaction logging

Cause: The gateway server was unable to bind variable (*var)* for use in performing transaction logging functions. An Oracle server message follows this message.

Action: Ensure that the Oracle server and its TNS listener are both operational. Also check the PGA_LOG_DB, PGA_LOG_USER and PGA_LOG_PASS parameters in the gateway initialization file and ensure that they specify the correct database string, user ID and password, respectively. Refer to the *Oracle Database Server Messages* for information on this Oracle server message.

PGA-20948 unable to prepare the statement for transaction logging

Cause: The gateway server was unable to prepare the statement to be used to call the transaction logging PL/SQL stored procedure. An Oracle server message will follow this message.

Action: Ensure that the Oracle server and its TNS listener are both operational. Also check the PGA_LOG_DB, PGA_LOG_USER and PGA_LOG_PASS parameters in the gateway initialization file and ensure that they specify the correct database string, user ID and password, respectively. Verify that the transaction logging PL/SQL procedure has been properly installed into the Oracle server under the user ID and password specified by PGA_LOG_USER and PGA_LOG_PASS and that it is executable. Refer to the *Oracle Database Server Messages* for information on this Oracle server message.

PGA-20949 unable to define variable *var* for transaction recovery

Cause: The gateway server was unable to define the variable (*var)* to be used in accessing the transaction log table during recovery processing. An Oracle server message will follow this message.

Action: Ensure that the Oracle server and its TNS listener are both operational. Also check the PGA_LOG_DB, PGA_LOG_USER and PGA_LOG_PASS parameters in the gateway initialization file and ensure that they specify the correct database string, user id and password, respectively. Refer to the *Oracle Database Server Messages* for information on this Oracle server message.

PGA-20950 unable to perform *oper* on transaction log

Cause: The gateway server was unable to insert, update, or delete a pending transaction row in the transaction log table. An Oracle server message will follow this message.

Action: Ensure that the Oracle server and its TNS listener are both operational. Also check the PGA_LOG_DB, PGA_LOG_USER and PGA_LOG_PASS parameters in the gateway initialization file and ensure that they specify the correct database string, user ID and password, respectively. Verify that the transaction logging PL/SQL stored procedure and the transaction log table have been properly installed into the Oracle server under the user ID and password specified by PGA_LOG_USER and PGA_LOG_PASS. Refer to the *Oracle Database Server Messages* for information on this Oracle server message.

PGA-20995 communication error: *func* failed, rc =rc, errno = *errno*

Cause: An unexpected communications error occurred while executing the AIX SNA Server API *func* function. The function return code is *rc* and the system error number is *errno*. The AIX SNA Server LU6.2 API function return codes and system error numbers are described in the vendor documentation. The SNA system error numbers can also be found in the **/usr/include/luxsna.h** header file on AIX systems.

Table 2–5 lists some commonly received rc and errno combinations, and their possible causes.

Action: Determine the cause of the communications error, correct it, and rerun the transaction. If you need assistance, then contact your system administrator.

Table 2–5 Error Message PGA-20995 on AIX Systems

rc	errno	Possible Cause(s)
-1	112	When received at conversation startup time, either the target LU is not active or has not enabled SNA communications, or the target LU name is not defined on the target system. The target LU name is the fully-qualified LU name specified in either the side information profile or the Partner LU Location Profile. When received during an active conversation, the SNA session on which the conversation was running has been terminated.
-1	113	A conversation was requested at synclevel 2, but the required LU6.2 Resource Recovery Manager, PG4ARRM, is not active on the Local LU.
-1	121	The transaction program terminated abnormally on the target LU, or issued a DEALLOCATE_ABEND.
-1	123	The mode name specified is either not defined locally to SNA Server, or it is not defined to the target LU.
-1	127	The transaction program requested is not defined to the target LU.
-1	133	A security violation occurred on the target system. Either the user ID/password is not valid on that system, or the user ID is not authorized to execute the requested transaction.
-1	146	The target LU name or alias is not defined locally to SNA Server.
-1	147	The transaction program requested is defined to the target LU, but could not be found.
-1	160	SNA communication package is not active.

PGA-20999 SIGDANGER received from system - all conversations deallocated

Cause: The system sent a SIGDANGER signal to the server indicating that there is a shortage of paging space. All currently active conversations are de-allocated normally.

Action: Contact your system administrator.

Message PGA-22001 to 22012 (for Gateway using TCP/IP)

PGA-22001 remote host name is *null*.

Cause: TCP/IP protocol has returned " null" for the remote host name.

Action: Verify the remote host name via the pg4tcpmap tool and re-execute your PL/SQL statement. If the problem cannot be resolved, supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services.

PGA-22002 communication error: TCP/IP *func* failed, rc = *rc*

Cause: The TCP/IP function (*func*) has failed with the return code of *rc*.

Action: If the problem cannot be resolved, supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services.

PGA-22003 communication error: TCP/IP *func* failed, rc = *rc*, for *parm*

Cause: An unexpected communications error occurred while executing the specified TCP/IP function (*func*). The TCP/IP function return code (*rc*) and the function (*func*) parameter is (*parm*).

Action: If the problem cannot be resolved, supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services.

PGA-22004 length of the total message value *len* not within valid range (*min:max*)

Cause: The length (*len*) for the value is not within the valid range (*min*):(*max*).

Action: If the problem cannot be resolved, supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services.

PGA-22005 invalid socket file descriptor: no active conversations were found

Cause: There were no TCP/IP conversations active for the user.

Action: Check that the application is not calling the PL/SQL TIP routines out of sequences.

PGA-22006 parameter *parm* is not specified

Cause: Parameter (*parm*) is missing from the gateway initialization file.

Action: Add the missing parameter to the gateway initialization file. Refer to the *Oracle Procedural Gateway Installation and Configuration Guide* for the required initialization parameters for gateways using TCP/IP.

PGA-22007 user ID *uid* length of *len* is invalid; maximum length is *max*

Cause: The user ID (*uid*) is too long (*len*) to be used. The maximum allowable length for the user ID is *max* characters.

Action: The user ID must be changed to a shorter value for OCI logon to the table PGA_TCP_IMSC. Refer to the *Oracle Procedural Gateway Installation and Configuration Guide* for the required gateway initialization parameters for gateways using TCP/IP.

PGA-22008 password length of *len* is invalid; maximum length is *max*

Cause: The password is too long (*len*) to be used. The maximum allowable length for the password is *max*.

Action: The password must be changed to a shorter value for OCI logon to the PGA_TCP_IMSC table. Refer to the *Oracle Procedural Gateway Installation and Configuration Guide* for the required gateway initialization parameters for gateways using TCP/IP.

PGA-22009 database name *db name* length of *len* is invalid; maximum length is *max*

Cause: The database name (*db name*) is too long (*len*) to be used. The maximum allowable length for the database name is (*max*).

Action: The database name must be changed to a shorter value for OCI logon to the PGA_TCP_IMSC table. Refer to the *Oracle Procedural Gateway Installation and Configuration Guide* for the required gateway initialization parameters for gateways using TCP/IP.

PGA-22010 userid *uid* length of *len* is invalid; maximum length is *max*

Cause: The user ID (*uid*) is too long (*len*) to be used with TCP/IP RACF conversation security. This can occur only when the gateway initialization parameter PGA_SECURITY_TYPE is set to either "SAME" or "PROGRAM".

Action: The user ID must be change to a shorter value on both the client system and the system where the remote transaction program is being executed. The maximum allowable length for the user ID is *max* characters. This restriction is imposed by RACF, not by the gateway.

PGA-22011 password length of *len* is invalid; maximum length is *max*

Cause: The password is too long (*len*) to be used with TCP/IP RACF conversation security. This can occur only when the gateway initialization parameter PGA_SECURITY_TYPE is set to "PROGRAM".

Action: The password must be changed to a shorter value on both the client system and the system where the remote transaction program is being executed. The maximum allowable length for the password is *max* characters. This restriction is imposed by RACF, not by the gateway.

PGA-22012 IMS Connect error: return code = *rc*, reason code =*rsc*

Cause: An unexpected IMS Connect error occurred while executing the 'recv' function. The return code (*rc*) and reason code (*rsc*) are provided in the message text.

For more information, refer to the OLTP SDSF log and IMS Connect error message which starts with HWS. The messages are documented in the IBM IMS Connect Guide and Reference Manual

Action: Determine the cause of the error, correct it, and rerun the transaction.

PGA-22014 transaction code length of *len* exceeds the maximum of *max*

Cause: The transaction code length (*len*) passed to PGAINIT or PGAINIT_SEC was larger than the maximum allowed length (*max*).

Action: Check that the PGDL and COBOL record descriptions used to define the transaction to PGAU are in sync with the transaction program and that the PL/SQL TIP was generated by PGAU using the correct definitions. If modifications have been made to the generated PL/SQL code, check that they are correct.

3

PGAU Messages

This chapter lists the messages issued by the Procedural Gateway Administration Utility (PGAU) and provides a possible cause and recommended action for each message.

This chapter contains the following sections:

Messages PGU-00001 to PGU-30028

PGU-00001 through PGU-00096

Cause: These are informational messages.

Action: No action is required.

PGU-00100 invalid SPOOL file name

Cause: When using the SPOOL command, you specified the name of a file that already exists.

Action: Specify a unique valid SPOOL file name.

PGU-00101 extraneous text at end of command

Cause: There were unrecognized commands or other text on the command line.

Action: Check the syntax of the command, then issue the command again.

PGU-00106 invalid ECHO switch

Cause: An invalid option for the SET ECHO command was specified.

Action: Use either ON or OFF as an option for the SET ECHO command.

PGU-00107 invalid TERMOUT switch

Cause: An invalid option for the SET TERMOUT command was specified.

Action: Use either ON or OFF as an option for the SET TERMOUT command.

PGU-00108 invalid TIMING switch

Cause: An invalid option for the SET TIMING command was specified.

Action: Use either ON or OFF as an option for the SET TIMING command.

PGU-00110 illegal SET option

Cause: An invalid option for the SET command was specified.

Action: Check the syntax of the SET command and issue the command again.

PGU-00111 illegal SHOW option

Cause: An invalid option for the SHOW command was specified.

Action: Check the syntax of the SHOW command and issue the command again.

PGU-00115 unexpected end of command

Cause: An option was specified without the required arguments.

Action: Check the syntax of the command and enter the command again with the appropriate arguments for options that require values.

PGU-00120 invalid STOPONERROR switch

Cause: An invalid options switch was specified for the SET STOPONERROR command.

Action: Use either ON or OFF as an option for the SET STOPONERROR command.

PGU-00122 invalid SET numeric parameter

Cause: A character or an invalid value was specified when a number was expected as a value for a SET command option.

Action: Check the syntax of the command, use an appropriate number for the option and enter the command again.

PGU-00125 integer value overflow

Cause: A numeric value was specified that was too large.

Action: Use a smaller number.

PGU-00129 value out of range (1 - *max*)

Cause: The specified value was out of range. The valid range is given by the error message.

Action: Use a number within the range specified by this error.

PGU-00132 null *hostname/password* specified

Cause: The *hostname/password* was not specified.

Action: Specify the correct *hostname/password*.

PGU-00136 bad variable specification

Cause: A variable was incorrectly specified using the VARIABLE command.

Action: Check the syntax of the command and then issue the command again.

PGU-00137 syntax error in PL/SQL Block

Cause: The PL/SQL block contains a syntax error.

Action: Correct the syntax error.

PGU-00142 cannot recognize object type, owner or name

Cause: The specified object type, owner or name was not recognized.

Action: Specify a legal object type, owner or name.

PGU-00143 variable has not been defined

Cause: The specified variable was not recognized.

Action: Specify an existing variable.

PGU-00144 invalid object type for DESCRIBE

Cause: The specified object type was not TABLE, VIEW or PROCEDURE.

Action: Check that the object is a table, view or procedure. If so, then check that you specified the correct name and try again. If not, then you cannot describe the object.

PGU-00145 invalid object name for DESCRIBE

Cause: The specified table, view, stored procedure or function was not recognized.

Action: Check the spelling and be sure to specify an existing table, view, stored procedure or function.

PGU-00149 invalid SERVEROUTPUT switch

Cause: An invalid option was specified for the SET SERVEROUTPUT command.

Action: Check the syntax of the command, then issue the command again.

PGU-00176 through PGU-00241

Cause: These are informational messages.

Action: No action is required.

PGU-00300 internal error code; arguments: [*arg1*], [*arg2*]

Cause: You have encountered an internal error.

Action: Supported customers can call Oracle Support Services and provide them with the circumstances leading to the error and with the complete set of messages.

PGU-00302 not connected to a database

Cause: You must be connected to the database for the requested operation.

Action: CONNECT to the database using a valid username and password before retrying the operation.

PGU-00304 input file I/O error [*errno*] - input aborted

Cause: A command file that is used as input to PGAU is corrupt or invalid.

Action: Check the file before retrying the operation.

PGU-00305 command size exceeds internal buffer size (*size*)

Cause: The SQL statement size exceeds PGAU's buffer size.

Action: Shorten the SQL statement by removing extra blanks or by using intermediate statements as views, if necessary.

PGU-00306 monitor cycle interval time out of range (1 - *max*)

Cause: You entered an invalid number for the cycle interval.

Action: Enter a number between 1 and 3600 for the cycle interval. The number indicates seconds.

PGU-00307 cannot open spool file *filename*

Cause: PGAU tried to open a spool file after you entered SPOOL filename, but could not open the file. Possible causes are: not enough disk space or inadequate privileges to create a file.

Action: Determine why PGAU could not create a new file and retry.

PGU-00308 no spool file opened

Cause: You entered SPOOL OFF, but you were not spooling currently, so there was no file to close.

Action: If you want to capture session output, first use the SPOOL command to open a file and then enter your commands before closing the file with SPOOL OFF.

PGU-00309 cannot close spool file *filename*

Cause: SPOOL OFF could not close the currently open spool file.

Action: Check for an operating system reason that the spool file could not be closed.

PGU-00310 cannot open parameter file *filename*

Cause: PGAU cannot locate or open the file specified by the PFILE option, either because the file does not exist or because PGAU has insufficient privilege to open the file.

Action: Check that the file exists in a location expected by PGAU and that it can be opened.

PGU-00311 data exceeds internal buffer size

Cause: The results returned by a SQL query exceed the internal PGAU buffer.

Action: Use the SET command to increase MAXDATA or to decrease ARRAYSIZE.

PGU-00314 invalid parameter given on PGAU command line

Cause: An unrecognized parameter was given on the PGAU command line.

Action: Check the parameters given on the PGAU command line.

PGU-00315 cannot open command file *filename*

Cause: PGAU cannot locate the specified command file.

Action: Verify the filename and PGAU's access to it before retrying.

PGU-00317 version of tool conflicts with version *ver* of DATA

Cause: This version of PGAU cannot process the DATA in the database.

Action: You attempted to use a tool that might cause damage to the current database. If the version of DATA is greater than the version of the tool, then you are using the wrong version of the tool. If the version of the tool is greater than the version of the DATA, then check for an Oracle-supplied SQL script to update the DATA to the correct version level.

PGU-00318 PGAU command line error [*linenum*]

Cause: You made a syntax or typing error while entering a PGAU command line.

Action: Check the syntax and try again.

PGU-00319 cannot locate pgau configuration file, *filename*

Cause: File filename cannot be located.

Action: Check that the specified file exists before rerunning PGAU.

PGU-00320 cannot open pgau configuration file, *filename*

Cause: File filename cannot be opened.

Action: Check that the specified file is available for use by PGAU.

PGU-00322 total size of command line parameters exceeds buffer size

Cause: You entered too many command line arguments and the PGAU buffer was exceeded.

Action: Reduce the number of command line arguments.

PGU-00325 pfile too large

Cause: The file that you specified using PFILE is too large (exceeds 8K).

Action: Reduce the size of the parameter file before specifying it again with PFILE.

PGU-00327 command not available in this mode

Cause: You have specified a command that is not available in this mode.

Action: Do not specify the command.

PGU-00328 insufficient privilege for this display

Cause: You attempted to display a MONITOR display without sufficient privileges.

Action: Contact the DBA to obtain the required privileges.

PGU-00331 cannot allocate enough memory for SQL Buffer

Cause: There is not enough memory for the current SQL buffer.

Action: Use the SET command to reduce MAXDATA.

PGU-00337 missing instance name

Cause: The instance name was not specified in the connect statement.

Action: Use `'connect username/password@instance'` or `'connect username/password'`.

PGU-00341 '*name*' is an undefined bind variable

Cause: The SQL statement refers to an undefined bind variable.

Action: Use the VARIABLE statement to define the bind variable and re-execute the query

PGU-00347 no offline tablespaces exist

Cause: The list box of set tablespace online contained 0 elements.

Action: No action is required.

PGU-00359 monitor already active

Cause: An instantiation of this monitor is already active.

Action: Cycle through windows until this monitor becomes visible.

PGU-00360 object to be described does not exist

Cause: The object in a DESCRIBE FUNCTION/PROCEDURE/PACKAGE statement does not exist.

Action: Check that the object name and owner are correct and that the object exists.

PGU-00361 error during describe

Cause: An unexpected error occurred during a describe.

Action: Check the following error and correct the problem.

PGU-00362 object *name* is a package; use 'DESCRIBE *package.procedure*'

Cause: The named object is a package. DESCRIBE does not currently describe an entire package specification.

Action: Describe the package specification, as indicated in the message text.

PGU-00363 procedure or function *name* not found in the package

Cause: The named package does not contain the procedure or function specified.

Action: Specify a procedure or function within the package.

PGU-00364 object *name* is a remote object, cannot further describe

Cause: The specified object name contains a database link or is a synonym that resolves to a name with a database link. Such objects cannot currently be described.

Action: Specify a local object.

PGU-00365 object *name* is invalid, it may not be described

Cause: The object must have been successfully compiled.

Action: Fix any errors in the object and recompile.

PGU-00366 name *name* is malformed, it must be of form [[a.]b.]c@dblink

Cause: The name might have at most 3 parts and a dblink.

Action: Use a well-formed object name.

PGU-00370 mandatory field/list needs to be filled in

Cause: You tried to execute the dialog before filling in all required items.

Action: Fill in all required items and retry.

PGU-00371 cannot open/locate input help file, *filename*

Cause: You pressed the Help Key or chose an item from the Help Menu.

Action: Put the help file in the location specified.

PGU-00372 cannot open/locate input index file, *filename*

Cause: You pressed the Help Key or chose an item from the Help Menu.

Action: Put the index help file in the location specified.

PGU-00373 cannot allocate memory of size *size* from toolkit

Cause: You pressed the Help Key or chose an item from the Help Menu.

Action: Exit PGAU, re-enter and then try again.

PGU-00374 could not set file position in *filename* directly

Cause: You pressed the Help Key or chose an item from the Help Menu.

Action: The fseek() routine failed. Alternate chosen - no action is necessary.

PGU-00375 unexpected end of file, *filename*

Cause: You pressed the Help Key or chose an item from the Help Menu.

Action: Exit PGAU and install the correct help file.

PGU-00376 mandatory field has to be filled in before navigation is possible

Cause: Attempted to navigate to the next or previous item.

Action: Fill in current field and then go to the next or previous item.

PGU-00377 mandatory list item has to be selected before navigation is possible

Cause: An attempt was made to navigate to the next or previous item.

Action: Select an item and then go to the next or previous item.

PGU-00378 an item has to be selected before help can be sought for it

Cause: An attempt was made to obtain help before selecting an item.

Action: Select an item first and re-execute.

PGU-00379 variable(s) not defined

Cause: An attempt was made to SHOW VAR[IABLES] [var-name], but the variable was not defined, or no variables were specified.

Action: Ensure that the variables are correctly defined.

PGU-00380 procedural option required for this statement

Cause: An attempt to execute a statement that requires the procedural option was made, but the procedural option is not installed.

Action: This statement cannot be issued without the procedural option. Install the procedural option to execute this statement.

PGU-00381 error in the SERVEROUTPUT option

Cause: The most likely cause is that the package DBMS_OUTPUT is not installed. Check the accompanying messages for more information.

Action: Check accompanying messages and take appropriate action.

PGU-00382 value *filename* is not a recognizable file name for *variable*

Cause: The value for the PGAU initialization variable (which points to the initialization file) is not a recognizable filename.

Action: Specify a valid filename or do not define the variable, to avoid running the initialization file.

PGU-00383 file name *filename* pointed to by *variable* could not be opened

Cause: The filename pointed to by the PGAU initialization variable could not be opened.

Action: Specify an available file or do not define the variable, to avoid running the initialization file.

PGU-00384 could not open pgau resource file, *filename*

Cause: The specified file could not be opened.

Action: Make the file available to PGAU.

PGU-00385 could not locate pgau resource file, *filename*

Cause: The specified file could not be located.

Action: Ensure that the file exists before rerunning PGAU.

PGU-00386 could not open toolkit resource file, *filename*

Cause: The specified file could not be opened.

Action: Make the file available to PGAU.

PGU-00387 could not locate toolkit resource file, *filename*

Cause: The specified file could not be located.

Action: Ensure that the file exists before rerunning PGAU.

PGU-00388 cannot start PGAU in screen mode; check if values are legal

Cause: A variable was not properly set.

Action: Check the values listed by PGAU to see if they are correct.

PGU-00389 toolkit resource file name is defined to *filename*

Cause: File *filename* could not be located.

Action: Ensure that the specified file exists and can be accessed.

PGU-00390 terminal type *term* is defined by *variable*

Cause: The terminal type specified by *variable* might not be valid.

Action: Ensure that the terminal specification is correct.

PGU-00391 value *var* is defined to *val*; legal values: *val* or *val*

Cause: The PGAU mode has been incorrectly defined.

Action: Define the value of the variable as one of the legal values.

PGU-00501 through PGU-00701

Cause: These are informational messages.

Action: No action is required.

PGU-20000 *oper* of *statement* statement failed for table *table*, rc=*rc*

Cause: PGAU encountered a syntax error during parse operation *oper* of the statement *statement* for the table *table* with the indicated return code *rc*.

Action: Check the PGAU statement identifier names for proper spelling and punctuation or other syntax errors.

PGU-20001 *oper* of *varname* variable of *statement* statement failed for table *table*, rc=*rc*

Cause: The operation *oper* on the variable *varname* for the statement *statement* against the PG DD table *table* failed with return code *rc*.

Action: A semantic error has occurred. Check all the identifier names in the PGAU script.

PGU-20002 unable to login to Oracle.

Cause: An error occurred attempting to logon to the Oracle server. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Ensure that the Oracle server containing the PG DD is operational.

PGU-20003 unable to open the cursor.

Cause: This is an internal PGAU logic error that should not occur. An error occurred opening a SQL statement cursor. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Ensure that the Oracle server containing the PG DD is operational. Otherwise, reproduce the error with symptom documentation. Supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGU-20004 unable to close the cursor

Cause: This is an internal PGAU logic error that should not occur. An error occurred closing a SQL statement cursor. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Ensure that the Oracle server containing the PG DD is operational. Otherwise, reproduce the error with symptom documentation. Supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGU-20005 unable to commit PG DD changes

Cause: This is an internal PGAU logic error that should not occur. An error occurred attempting to commit changes to the PG DD. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Ensure that the Oracle server containing the PG DD is operational. Otherwise, reproduce the error with symptom documentation. Supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGU-20006 unable to logout from Oracle

Cause: This is an internal PGAU logic error that should not occur. An error occurred during logoff from the Oracle server. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Ensure that the Oracle server containing the PG DD is operational. Otherwise, reproduce the error with symptom documentation. Supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGU-20007 unable to rollback PG DD changes

Cause: This is an internal PGAU logic error that should not occur. An error occurred attempting to rollback changes from the PG DD. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Ensure that the Oracle server containing the PG DD is operational. Otherwise, reproduce the error with symptom documentation. Supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGU-30000 transaction *tranname*, version *version* specification generated to file *fileid*

Cause: PGAU successfully completed generation of the TIP specification for transaction *tranname* and version *version* into file *fileid*.

Action: No action is required; this is an informational message.

PGU-30001 PGAU internal error - *module*

Cause: An internal PGAU operation error has occurred.

Action: Supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGU-30002 >>> Initialization of *type* File Header <<<

Cause: This record is written to the trace or log file upon initialization.

Action: This is an informational message only.

PGU-30003 transaction *tranname*,version *version* body generated to file *fileid*

Cause: PGAU successfully completed generation of the TIP body for transaction *tranname* and version *version* into file *fileid*.

Action: No action is required; this is an informational message.

PGU-30008 failure to open file *fileid*

Cause: Before complete initialization of LMS functions, PGAU tracing or logging to disks was requested, but PGAU failed to open the indicated trace or log file *fileid*.

Action: Ensure that write access is available for the file and that space for file growth is available.

PGU-30009 failure to close file *fileid*

Cause: After termination of LMS functions, PGAU tracing or logging to disks had been requested, but PGAU failed to close the indicated trace or log file *fileid*.

Action: Ensure that write access is available for the file and that space for file growth is available.

PGU-30010 failure to obtain *bytes* bytes of storage for *use*

Cause: Before complete initialization of LMS functions, PGAU failed to obtain *bytes* of storage for *use* commensurate with LMS initialization.

Action: Increase the total amount of private storage available to PGAU during operation.

PGU-30012 invalid language environment (*lang*), default used

Cause: Before complete initialization of LMS functions, the environment variable LANGUAGE specified an invalid Oracle NLS language *lang*. The language environment variable SSTDLANG setting was used as the default.

Action: Correct the LANGUAGE environment variable to specify a valid Oracle NLS language.

PGU-30014 pgau message file *fileid* not found

Cause: Before complete initialization of LMS functions, the PGAU message file *fileid* could not be located.

Action: Ensure that the Oracle message file resides in **$ORACLE_HOME/pg4appc/mesg** directory and is not damaged. Valid file IDs are of the form pgu*xx*.msb, where *xx* is the country code.

PGU-30024 memory allocate failure: *purpose* for *len* bytes

Cause: Insufficient memory is available. Storage was not allocated for the reason *purpose* of the specified size *len*.

Action: Increase the total amount of private storage available to PGAU during GENERATE operation.

PGU-30026 open failure: file *file* in *mode* mode

Cause: There was an error during `fopen` processing *file* for *mode* access.

Action: Ensure that PGAU has access to the file specified, and write access if the file is used for output.

PGU-30028 file *oper* failure: *fileid* rc *rc*

Cause: An error occurred during *oper* processing for the file *fileid* with return code *rc*. File operations include `fclose` to close input or output files, or `remove` to erase, delete, or remove output files.

Action: Ensure that PGAU has access to the file specified, and write access if the file is used for output.

Messages PGU-30030 to PGU-30637

PGU-30030 read failure: *oper* from *file* after offset *offset*

Cause: There was an error during `fgets` *oper* processing for *file* at *offset* bytes into the file.

Action: Ensure that PGAU has access to the file specified.

PGU-30031 write failure: *oper* to *fileid* at *addr* for *len* bytes

Cause: There was an error during `fputs` *oper* processing for *file* from buffer at *addr* for *len* bytes of data.

Action: Ensure that PGAU has access to the file specified and that disk space is available for file growth.

PGU-30032 write log failure: rc *rc*, message no was *msgno*

Cause: The `fprintf` routine returned the indicated error code *rc* when attempting to print PGAU error message number *msgno*. The indicated event message was being written when the error occurred.

Action: Check to ensure that PGAU has write access to the **pgau.log** file and that disk space is available for file growth.

PGU-30033 write trace failure: rc *rc*, message no was *msgno*

Cause: The `fprintf` routine returned the indicated error code *rc* when attempting to print PGAU trace message number *msgno*. The indicated trace message was being written when the error occurred.

Action: Check to ensure that PGAU has write access to the **pgau.trc** file and that disk space is available for file growth.

PGU-30035 file control failure: *oper* for *file*, rc *rc*

Cause: There was an error during control function *oper* for *file* with error code *rc* returned.

Action: Ensure that PGAU has access to the file specified and that disk space is available for file growth.

PGU-30036 no ORACLE_HOME environment variable available

Cause: The ORACLE_HOME environment variable setting is missing or invalid.

Action: Correct the ORACLE_HOME environment variable to specify the current Oracle home directory.

PGU-30120 missing *attr* attribute for parm *parmname*, field *field*, f# *f#*

Cause: The parameter *parmname* specifies an aggregate data record for which field *field* with PG DD field ID number *f#* was being processed, but the field had no relative level attribute *attr*. Typical relative level attributes are:

nn ... COBOL-clauses for IBMVSCOBOLII 'LEVEL' attribute
Each attribute is stored as a separate row in the PG DD and the row for the missing attribute might have been deleted from the PG DD.

Action: Check the PG DD to ensure that the failing field has a level attribute assigned.

PGU-30122 level limit: field f#=*f#* nest level *count* exceeds *min*/*max* of *limit*

Cause: PGAU was processing nested records when the next field *f#* for nest level *count* exceeded the product defined minimum or maximum nest level *limit*.

Action: Simplify the data record definition to reduce nest levels.

PGU-30123 level limit: level *levN* field *fld#* can't follow level *levC*

Cause: PGAU was processing nested records when the next field at level *levN*, identified by *fld#*, occurred after fields at current level *levC*. Additional fields at intermediate levels should have preceded this field. This error occurs when special fields such as COBOL RENAMES (at LEVEL 66), appear next after the level 01 definition.

Action: Correct the data record definition to place the special fields in their proper sequence, or insert fields being modified ahead of the special modifying field.

PGU-30220 allocate failure: *type* storage of *num* bytes

Cause: Insufficient memory is available for the specified purpose. The requestor attempted to allocate a control block type of size specified during normal operation.

Action: Increase the total amount of private storage that is available to PGAU during GENERATE operation.

PGU-30233 control block load failure: *type* block from PG DD

Cause: A control block of the specified type was being loaded with a row from the PG Data Dictionary when an error occurred. A preceding message was issued specifying the cause.

Action: Refer to the recommended action for the preceding message.

PGU-30234 attribute array for *type* exceeded by PG DD rows > *limit*

Cause: A control block of the specified type was being loaded with attribute rows from the PG Data Dictionary when the limit was exceeded.

Action: Reproduce the error with tracing enabled and attempt to determine what PG DD rows are exceeding the attribute limit. Delete any possible duplicates. Supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGU-30300 work file output error writing *fileid*

Cause: PGAU encountered an error writing a PL/SQL code segment to the indicated work file *fileid*.

Action: Ensure that PGAU has access to the file specified and that disk space is available for file growth.

PGU-30301 TIP output error appending *infile* to *outfile*

Cause: PGAU encountered an error appending the work file, *infile*, to the TIP output file, *outfile*.

Action: Ensure that PGAU has access to both files specified and that disk space is available for TIP output file growth.

PGU-30302 TIP output error writing function *func* to file *file*

Cause: PGAU encountered an error appending the indicated TIP function definition *func* to the work output file *file*. An error occurred during generation of the TIP Package Specification.

Action: Ensure that PGAU has write access to the file specified and that disk space is available for TIP output work file growth.

PGU-30303 TIP generation error writing variable *var* to file *file*

Cause: PGAU encountered an error appending the TIP variable definition *var* to the work output file *file*. An error occurred during generation of the TIP Package Specification.

Action: Ensure that PGAU has write access to the file specified and that disk space is available for TIP output work file growth.

PGU-30304 TIP generation warning: *field* name truncated to *len* characters

Cause: This is a warning of possible non-unique PL/SQL names. PGAU encountered record field names that, when combined, exceed the maximum PL/SQL name length, and the last field name specified *field* was truncated to the length *len*. This condition occurred during generation of the TIP Package Specification for parameter variables.

Action: Revise the PG DD entries for the defined parameters and either reduce the number of nested record levels or shorten the record field names.

PGU-30305 TIP generation error defining record type *type* for *name*

Cause: An error occurred during generation of a nested record type *type* for the indicated field name *name*. This message should be preceded by the specific error. Condition occurred during generation of the TIP Package Specification for parameter variables.

Action: Follow the recommended action for the first error message issued.

PGU-30306 TIP generation: invalid PL/SQL parameter mode *mode* for *parm*

Cause: The parameter call mode *mode* specified for the parameter *parm*. Valid parameter modes are IN, OUT, or IN OUT. This is a probable PG DD content error.

Action: Revise the PG DD entries for the indicated parameter and correct the PL/SQL parameter call mode for the indicated parameter.

PGU-30307 TIP generation: invalid PL/SQL variable type *type* for *field*

Cause: An invalid PL/SQL record type *type* was encountered while generating conversion statements for the data field *field*. The indicated *type* is neither valid PL/SQL nor a nested record type for the indicated record field *field*. This is a probable PG DD content error.

Action: Revise the PG DD entries for the indicated parameter and either correct the PL/SQL variable type for the field or define a corresponding nested record for the field.

PGU-30308 TIP generation: name *recname.varname* exceeds max length of *maxlen* characters

Cause: The number of nested groups and lengths of their field names in the input data, when concatenated to form a fully-qualified PL/SQL record field variable name *recname.varname*, exceeded the maximum length allowed by PL/SQL, *maxlen*. This error occurred during generation of the TIP package specification for parameter variables.

Action: Revise the PG data dictionary entries for the defined parameters and either reduce the number of nested record levels or shorten the record field names.

PGU-30309 TIP generation: call *cname* parm *parm* exceeds PGAXFER *type* limit (*limit*)

Cause: The TIP function call *cname* at parameter *parm* exchanges too many parameters for the *type* buffers on a PGAXFER RPC. The PGAXFER parameter limit is *limit*. The indicated *type* is either SEND or RECEIVE. This is probably a PGAU DEFINE CALL error, coding too many parameters. The IN OUT mode parameters are present in both send and receive buffers and might be causing the limit problem.

Action: Revise the transaction and the call to specify the excessive parameters on an additional function call and include that added call in the transaction definition.

PGU-30314 TIP generation: failure converting record type *type* for *name*.

Cause: An error occurred during generation of PL/SQL statements for conversion of a nested record type *type* for the indicated field name *name*. This message should be preceded by the specific error. Condition occurred during generation of the TIP Package Specification for parameter variables.

Action: Follow the recommended action for the first error message issued.

PGU-30315 TIP generation: parameter conversion error for *dname*, *call*

Cause: There was a failure to generate PL/SQL conversion statements for the indicated parameter data *dname* for function *call*. This message might be preceded by specific messages describing the error. Possible errors include disk access, invalid datatype and missing nested record or field datatype definitions.

Action: Follow the recommended action for the first error message issued and ensure the PG DD entries for the indicated parameter are correct and that disk access is allowed to output work files.

PGU-30316 TIP generation: PL/SQL *stmt* control logic for *fname clause*

Cause: There was a failure to generate PL/SQL statement *stmt* that is used to control TIP processing of the field *fname* for compiler clause *clause*.

Typical IBMVSCOBOLII clauses are:

OCCURS - requires FOR/LOOP logic
OCCURS DEPENDING ON - requires FOR/LOOP logic
REDEFINES - requires IF/END IF logic

This message might be preceded by specific messages describing the error. Possible errors include disk access, invalid datatype and missing nested record or field datatype definitions.

Action: Follow the recommended action for the first error message issued and ensure that the PG DD entries for the indicated parameter are correct and that disk access is allowed to output work files.

PGU-30317 TIP generation: PL/SQL *stmt* statements for *dname cname*

Cause: The attempt to generate PL/SQL control logic *stmt* to process TIP parameter *dname* in function *cname* failed. This message might follow more specific messages describing the error. Possible errors include: disk access, invalid datatype and missing next record or field datatype definitions.

Action: Follow the recommended action for the first error message issued and ensure that the PG DD entries for the indicated parameter are correct and that disk access is allowed to the output work files.

PGU-30318 TIP generation: *d-field f#*, PL/SQL *stmt* for *num*

Cause: Data field *d-field f#* was referenced by other fields which required that PL/SQL statements *stmt* be generated for the value *num*, but an error occurred during the generation of the statements. This message might follow specific messages describing the error. Possible errors include disk access and memory exceeded.

Action: Follow recommended action for the first error message issued and ensure that disk access is allowed to output work files.

PGU-30319 TIP generation: *type id#*

Cause: TIP execution diagnostics for PG DD references PKGEX(DR) was requested on the PGAU GENERATE statement, but the PG DD reference for *type id#* could not be generated. This message might be preceded by specific messages describing the error. Possible errors include disk access and memory exceeded.

Action: Follow recommended action for the first error message issued and ensure that disk access is allowed to output work files.

PGU-30600 TIP generation: invalid COBOL syntax in *field*

Cause: The COBOL data field *field* specifies conflicting or invalid PIC *mask* and USAGE *maskopts* clauses. The invalid PIC and USAGE definitions were selected from the PG DD to identify field conversion function calls. PGAU also issues messages 30601 for *mask* and 30602 for *maskopts*.

Action: Use the pgddsf.sql script to reproduce the selected rows and then correct the mask and maskopts columns for the stated field in the PG DD.

PGU-30601 COBOL mask: *mask*

Cause: Issued to identify *mask* for the preceding message.

Action: See preceding message.

PGU-30602 COBOL maskopts: *maskopts*

Cause: Issued to identify *maskopts* for the preceding message.

Action: See preceding message.

PGU-30603 TIP generation: *field syntax*

Cause: See message PGU-30604.

Action: Refer to message PGU-30604 for more information.

PGU-30604 missing *attr* attribute for *token*

Cause: A COBOL field, *field*, containing a clause of the form *syntax* required a missing attribute, *attr*, corresponding to *token*. PGAU issues messages PGU-30603 and PGU-30604 consecutively for *field*, *syntax*, *attr* and *token*.

Typical IBMVSCOBOLII required token attributes are:

field OCCURS *int-1* TIMES
where i*nt-1* is the token for attribute repgrpff.

field OCCURS *int-1* TO *int-2* TIMES DEPENDING ON *name-1*

where:

int-1 is the token for attribute repgrpvf.
int-2 is the token for attribute repgrpv1.
name-1 is the token for attribute repgrpvm.
field RENAMES *name-1* THRU *name-2*

where:

name-1 is the token for attribute renamemf.
name-2 is the token for attribute renamem1.
field REDEFINES *name-1* WHEN *name-2 = value*

where:

name-1 is the token for attribute remapsmf.
name-2 is the token for attribute remapsm1.
value is the token for attribute remapswc or remapswn.
field LENGTH IS *name-1*

where:

name-1 is the token for attribute length.
Each attribute is stored as a separate row in the PG DD, and the missing attribute's row might have been deleted from the PG DD.

Action: In the PG DD, redefine the referencing data item to restore the missing attribute row.

PGU-30605 TIP generation: invalid COBOL syntax in unknown field:

Cause: An unidentified COBOL field specifies conflicting or invalid PIC *mask* and USAGE *maskopts* clauses. The invalid PIC and USAGE definitions were selected from the PG DD to identify global TIP conversion variables. PGAU also issues messages 30601 for *mask* and 30602 for *maskopts*.

Action: Use the pgddsxf.sql script to reproduce the selected rows and then correct the mask and maskopts columns for the invalid row in the PG DD.

PGU-30606 TIP generation: missing multi-byte NLS name for *field*

Cause: The COBOL data field *field* specifies character data in the PIC *mask* and USAGE *maskopts* clauses which require translation with a multi-byte character set (MBCS), but no Oracle MBCS NLS name was specified. The MBCS-oriented PIC and USAGE definitions were selected from the PG DD to identify field conversion function calls. PGAU also issues messages PGU-30601 for *mask* and PGU-30602 for *maskopts*.

Action: Use the pgddsxa.sql script to reproduce the selected rows and then either correct the mask and maskopts columns for the stated field in the PG DD to not require MBCS translation, or use the PGAU REDEFINE DATA FIELD NLS_LANGUAGE(nlsname) parameter to specify an Oracle MBCS NLS name for the field, or specify the NLS_MBCS(nlsname) parameter on the PGAU DEFINE TRANSACTION statement.

PGU-30610 TIP generation: *d-field syntax*

Cause: See message PGU-30611.

Action: Refer to message PGU-30611 for more information.

PGU-30611 references missing field *r-field* specified for *token*

Cause: The data field, *d-field*, containing a clause of the form *syntax*, references a missing field, *r-field*, specified by the clause word *token*. PGAU issues messages PGU-30610 and PGU-30611 consecutively for *d-field*, *syntax*, *r-field* and *token*.

Typical IBMVSCOBOLII clause syntax for this error includes:

```
d-field OCCURS int-1 TIMES
d-field OCCURS int-1 TO int-2 TIMES DEPENDING ON name-1
d-field RENAMES name-1 THRU name-2
d-field REDEFINES name-1 WHEN name-2 = value
```

d-field LENGTH IS *name-1*

The clause references a field, *r-field*, specified by the word *token*.

PGAU GENERATE searched previous fields within the current parameter but failed to find the named field, *r-field*. The word *token* might be misspelled in the defining clause, or the referenced field whose name matches *token* might be missing from, or misspelled in, the PG DD.

Action: In the PG DD, redefine the entry for *d-field* to change its clause *token* to specify the correct name of the intended field, *r-field*, or redefine the data name of the intended field, *r-field*, to match the subsequent clause's *token* reference. Also ensure that the data field, *d-field*, containing the clause follows the intended field, *r-field*, in the data definition.

PGU-30622 unable to insert *attr* value for field *d-field*

Cause: During TIP generation, a data field *d-field* was encountered for which no *attr* attribute existed. A new attribute row was created but could not be inserted into the PG DD.

Action: Check for an Oracle error message preceding this message to determine the cause of the problem.

PGU-30630 TIP generation: *d-field f#*

Cause: See message PGU-30631.

Action: Refer to message PGU-30631 for more information.

PGU-30631 no alignment for environment *d-field f#*,datatype *dtype dagno*

Cause: The data field *d-field f#* specified an attribute which specifies remote host boundary alignment. The PG DD environment tables were searched for alignment information for environment *ename* compiler *compno* datatype *dtype* datatype alignment group *dagno*, but no entries were found matching these characteristics. PGAU issues messages PGU-30360 and PGU-30631 for *d-field f#* and *ename compno dtype dagno*. PGAU requires the alignment information to properly align the remote host data in the TIP transfer buffers.

Supported environment and compilers are IBM370 for IBMVSCOBOLII compiler.

Supported alignment attributes are:

d-field ... PIC S9(*n*) *dtype* SYNC
d-field ... PIC S9(*n*) *dtype* SYNCHRONIZE
Supported datatype values are:

COMP
COMPUTATIONAL
COMP-4
COMPUTATIONAL-4
Datatype grouped under *dagno* by length and alignment are:

dagno = 1 for 2-byte length aligned on 2-byte boundary
dagno = 2 for 4-byte length aligned on 4-byte boundary
Possible causes are:

- the TRANSACTION entry in the PG DD for the TIP that is being generated might have specified an invalid ENVIRONMENT
- the DATA entry in the PG DD that is being referenced in the TIP function call being generated might have specified an invalid LANGUAGE

- the field datatype and length within the DATA entry might be invalid or unsupported
- the PG DD might be unavailable. Preceding messages indicate problems accessing the PG DD

Action: In the PG DD, redefine the TRANSACTION or DATA entries to correct the specification of the ENVIRONMENT, LANGUAGE, or field datatype and attributes. Ensure that the Oracle server that is supporting the PG DD is active. If the error persists, then reproduce the error with tracing enabled. Supported customers can contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGU-30632 TIP generation: *d-field f#*, *clause* ignored for *dtype*

Cause: The data field *d-field f#* specified a modifying clause *clause* that is ignored for datatype *dtype* by the compiler in the remote host environment.

Supported environment and compiler is IBM370 for the IBMVSCOBOLII compiler.

SYNC/SYNCHRONIZE is ignored when *dtype* is one of the following:

COMP-3/COMPUTATIONAL-3
DISP/DISPLAY
Action: This is a warning message and no action is required. PGAU continues executing. You might want to ensure that the resulting TIP data conversion is consistent with the remote host data format.

PGU-30635 TIP generation: *d-field f#*, nested repeating group for *clause*

Cause: The data field *d-field f#* specified a repeating group clause *clause* while a previous repeating group is active. The repeating group in *d-field* cannot be nested within a previous repeating group. TIPs use PL/SQL tables to implement repeating groups, and PL/SQL tables are limited to a single key or subscript which cannot support nested repeating groups (a table of tables).

Action: Redefine the data such that the previous repeating group is ended before beginning another repeating group.

PGU-30636 TIP generation: *d-field f#*, *attr* attribute value (*attrval*) ignored

Cause: The data field *d-field f#* specified an attribute *attr* whose value *attrval* is being ignored.

Supported environment and compiler is IBM370 for the IBMVSCOBOLII compiler.

The LEFT *attrval* is ignored when *attr* is one of the following:

JUST/JUSTIFY
SYNC/SYNCHRONIZE
Action: This is a warning message and no action is required. PGAU continues executing. You might want to ensure that the resulting TIP data conversion is consistent with the remote host data format.

PGU-30637 TIP generation: *d-field f#*, *attr* attribute value (*attrval*) invalid

Cause: The data field *d-field f#* specified an attribute *attr* whose value *attrval* is invalid or unsupported.

Action: In the PG DD, redefine the FIELD entry to correct the attribute clause to specify a supported value.

Messages PGU-35002 to PGU-39999

PGU-35002 failure to open cursor for statement *stmtname*: rc *rc*

Cause: Open of an Oracle cursor for the PGAU SQL statement, *stmtname*, failed with Oracle error *rc*. This message is preceded by an Oracle server message for the specific error encountered.

Action: Ensure that the Oracle server that is supporting the PG DD is active. If the error persists, then reproduce the error with tracing enabled. Supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGU-35003 failure to parse SQL statement *stmtname* for cursor *curno*: rc *rc*

Cause: Parsing of PGAU SQL statement, *stmtname*, for Oracle cursor *curno* failed with Oracle error *rc*. This message is preceded by an Oracle server message for the specific error encountered.

Action: Ensure that the Oracle server that is supporting the PG DD is active. If the error persists, then reproduce the error with tracing enabled. Supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGU-35004 failure to bind *invar* for cursor *curno* statement *stmtname*: rc *rc*

Cause: Binding an input variable *invar* for Oracle cursor *curno* to the PGAU SQL statement, *stmtname*, failed with Oracle error *rc*. This message is preceded by an Oracle server message for the specific error encountered.

Action: Ensure that the Oracle server that is supporting PG DD is active. If the error persists, then reproduce the error with tracing enabled. Supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGU-35005 failure to define *outvar* for cursor *curno* statement *stmtname*: rc *rc*

Cause: Defining the variable, *outvar*, for Oracle cursor *curno* to the PGAU SQL statement, *stmtname*, failed with Oracle error *rc*. This message is preceded by an Oracle server message for the specific error encountered.

Action: Ensure that the Oracle server that is supporting the PG DD is active. If the error persists, then reproduce the error with tracing enabled. Supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGU-35006 failure to execute for cursor *curno* statement *stmtname*: rc *rc*

Cause: Executing Oracle cursor *curno* to PGAU SQL statement, *stmtname*, failed with Oracle error *rc*. This is a possible error in a PGAU GENERATE statement transaction or version parameters, or possible missing rows, or misspelling in the PG DD for the requested transaction. This message is preceded by an Oracle server message for the specific error encountered.

Action: Check that all call, data and attribute definitions associated with the requested transaction and version are properly defined in the PG DD. If the error persists, then reproduce the error with tracing enabled. Supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGU-35007 failure to fetch for cursor *curno* statement *statement*: rc *rc*

Cause: Fetch using Oracle cursor *curno* to PGAU SQL statement, *stmtname*, failed with Oracle error *rc*. This is a possible error in a PGAU GENERATE statement transaction or version parameters, or possible missing rows, or misspelling in the PG DD for the requested transaction. This message is preceded by an Oracle server message for the specific error encountered.

Action: Check that all call, data and attribute definitions associated with the requested transaction and version are properly defined in the PG DD. If the error

persists, then reproduce the error with tracing enabled. Supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGU-35008 failure to close cursor *curno* for statement *stmtname*: rc *rc*

Cause: Close of the Oracle cursor *curno* for PGAU SQL statement *stmtname* failed with Oracle error *rc*. This message is preceded by an Oracle server message for the specific error encountered.

Action: Ensure that the Oracle server that is supporting the PG DD is active. If the error persists, then reproduce the error with tracing enabled. Supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGU-35009 no transaction rows for statement *statement*, *tname tver*:rc *rc*

Cause: No transaction rows were fetched from the PG DD for PGAU SQL statement *stmtname* with transaction name *tname* and transaction version *tver*. The Oracle error code is *rc*. Either the transaction name and version supplied on the GENERATE statement were invalid or the transaction entry is missing from the PG DD. This message is preceded by an Oracle server message for the specific error encountered.

Action: Ensure that the requested transaction and version are properly defined in the PG DD, or correct the GENERATE statement.

PGU-35010 no *type* rows for statement *statement*, id no *idno*: rc *rc*

Cause: No *type* rows were fetched from the PG DD for PGAU SQL statement *statement* with ID number *idno*. The Oracle error code is *rc*. Either the parent PG DD entry references an invalid subordinate entry or the entry is missing form the PG DD. This message is preceded by an Oracle server message for the specific error encountered.

Action: Ensure that the requested transaction and version are properly defined in the PG DD, or correct the GENERATE statement.

PGU-35011 no environment rows for statement *statement*, *ename compno*: rc *rc*

Cause: No environment rows were fetched from the PG DD for PGAU SQL statement *statement* with environment name *ename* and compiler number *compno*. The Oracle error code is *rc*. Either the environment specified for the transaction or the compiler specified for the data entry in the transaction were invalid, or the entries are missing from the PG DD. This message is preceded by an Oracle server message for the specific error encountered.

Action: Ensure that the requested transaction and version are properly defined in the PG DD, or correct the GENERATE statement.

PGU-35012 missing transaction entry *tname tver*

Cause: The transaction *tname tver* was not found in the PG DD. Either the transaction name and version supplied on the GENERATE statement were invalid, or the transaction specified in a previous DEFINE TRANSACTION tname might have been deleted from, or altered in, the PG DD. This message might be preceded by specific messages describing the error.

Action: Correct the requested transaction and version definitions in the PG DD, or correct the GENERATE statement.

PGU-35013 missing call entry for transaction *tname tver (tin)*

Cause: A call entry under transaction definition *tname tver* (*tin*) was not found in the PG DD. The call entry that is associated with the transaction (as specified in a previous DEFINE TRANSACTION ... CALL(cname)) might have been deleted from, or altered in, the PG DD. This message might be preceded by specific messages describing the error.

Action: Correct the requested transaction or call definitions in the PG DD, or correct the GENERATE statement to request a different transaction.

PGU-35014 missing parm for transaction *tname tver* (*tin)* call *cname cver (cin)*

Cause: A parameter or data entry for transaction *tname tver* (*tin*), call *cname cver* (*cin*) was not found in the PG DD. The parm or data entry associated with the call (as specified in a previous DEFINE CALL cname ... PARMS(dname)) might have been deleted from, or altered in, the PG DD. This message might be preceded by specific messages describing the error.

Action: Correct the requested transaction or call definitions in the PG DD, or correct the GENERATE statement to request a different transaction.

PGU-35015 missing field entry for transaction *tname tver* (*tin*) call *cname cver* (*cin*), parm *relno dname dver* (*din*)

Cause: A data field entry for transaction *tname tversion* (*tin*), call *cname cversion* (*cin*) parm *relno* and data *dname dversion* (*din*) was not found in the PG DD. The field entry associated with this data (as specified in the input file field position or FIELD(fname) of a previous DEFINE or REDEFINE DATA statement) might have been deleted from, or altered in, the PG DD. This message might be preceded by specific messages describing the error.

Action: Correct the requested transaction or call definitions in the PG DD, or correct the GENERATE statement to request a different transaction.

PGU-35016 missing formatted conversion entry for transaction *tname tver*

Cause: For transaction *tname tver*, the data field usage, mask and maskopts entries were not found in the PG DD. All PG DD tables are searched, starting with pga_trans through pga_fields, to select rows having usage='PASS' and not null mask and maskopts columns. These are used to identify which data fields use UTL_PG MAKE_..._FORMAT conversions.

Possible invalid entries in pga_fields(usage,mask,maskopts) columns. This message might be preceded by specific messages describing the error.

Action: Correct the data definitions for the requested transaction in the PG DD.

PGU-35017 missing environment *ename compno* for *t# tin d# din*

Cause: The combined environment *ename compno* was not found in the PG DD for transaction ID# *tin* and data ID# *din*. The environment name stored in the transaction entry and the compiler number stored in a call parameter data entry have no environment rows stored in the PG DD environment tables. This message might be preceded by specific messages describing the error.

Action: Ensure that the Oracle server that is supporting the PG DD is active and that the TRANSACTION ENVIRONMENT name and the DATA LANGUAGE name are defined in the PG DD with supported values. If the error persists, then reproduce the error with tracing enabled. Supported customers can contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGU-35018 failed select for statement *statement*, *dfmt tfmt*:rc *rc*

Cause: No information was fetched from Oracle dual for SQL statement *statement* with date format *dfmt* and time format *tfmt*. The Oracle error code is *rc*. Either the date and time formats that are specified are invalid, or some other Oracle server error occurred. This message is preceded by an Oracle server message for the specific error encountered.

Action: Ensure that the Oracle server that is supporting PGAU is active. If the error persists, then reproduce the error with tracing enabled. Supported customers can contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGU-39100 EP

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39101 RP rc *rc*

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine is returning with the shown return code.

Action: None.

PGU-39102 EP *tracef*, *pkgexf*, *addr*, *tname*, *ver*, *tipname*, *dblink*, *outspec*, *outbody*, *pgddver*, *pgauver*

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The GPG main routine was called from PGAU.

Action: None.

PGU-39103 RP rc *rc*, *rstat* exit

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine is returning from its indicated exit with the shown return code.

Action: None.

PGU-39107 EP *addr*

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39108 EP *name*, *num*

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39110 EP *idtype idnum*

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39111 EP f#*f#*, *dup*, *varname*, *vartype*, *file*

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39112 EP *seg*=>*file*

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39113 EP *addr* for *len* bytes

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39114 EP *idtype idnum, idtype idnum, string*

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39116 EP p-a*ddr1,c-addr2*

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39117 EP p-*addr1*,c-*addr2*,LD*ldind*

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39118 EP *segpurp, segname, len*

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39119 EP *s/r*,c#*c*#,d#*d*#,f#*f*#,*file*

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39120 EP c-*addr1*,p-*addr2*,*faddr3*

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39121 EP d#*d*#,f#*f*#

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39122 EP *addr, name,id#*

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39123 EP *int, int, ptr*

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39124 EP *int, int*

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39125 EP *int, int, int*

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39126 EP *str,int, str, int*

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39127 EP *str, int*

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39128 EP *ddref, idtype idnum, file*

Cause: Subroutine call tracing active. The indicated subroutine was called.

Action: None.

PGU-39200 Initialization rc *rc*

Cause: Initialization/termination tracing active. Successful initialization was indicated by the subroutine.

Action: None.

PGU-39201 Initialization failure rc *rc*

Cause: Initialization/termination tracing active. Failed initialization was indicated by the subroutine.

Action: None.

PGU-39210 Termination rc *rc*

Cause: Initialization/termination tracing active. Successful termination was indicated by the subroutine.

Action: None.

PGU-39211 Termination failure rc *rc*

Cause: Initialization/termination tracing active. Failed termination was indicated by the subroutine.

Action: None.

PGU-39300 QM rc *rc, addr*

Cause: Queue management tracing active. Successful alteration of the TDT.

Action: None.

PGU-39301 QM failure rc *rc, addr*

Cause: Queue management tracing active. Failed alteration of the TDT.

Action: None.

PGU-39302 QM p-*idtype idnum*,c-f#*f*#,LD*ldind*

Cause: Queue management tracing active. Successful alteration of the TDT.

Action: None.

PGU-39303 QM warning rc *rc, addr*

Cause: Queue management tracing active. Requested structure not located.

Action: None.

PGU-39400 IT read *len* bytes from *file*

Cause: Initiation/termination tracing active. Successful read of file or segment data.

Action: None.

PGU-39404 IO file *file ctlop* for *mode* mode

Cause: I/O tracing active. Successful file control operation.

Action: None.

PGU-39405 IO *len ioop* bytes *file*

Cause: I/O tracing active. Successful read/write of file or segment data.

Action: None.

PGU-39500 DD rc *rc,addr idtype idnum*

Cause: Data Dictionary tracing active. Successful select and load of a PG DD entry.

Action: None.

PGU-39501 DD rc *rc* - warning

Cause: Data Dictionary tracing active. Failed select or load of a PG DD entry.

Action: None.

PGU-39502 DD rc *rc,addr cbtype cmode mask mopt*

Cause: Data Dictionary tracing active. Successful select and load of a format conversion block.

Action: None.

PGU-39503 OC *statement curop curno*

Cause: Oracle call tracing active. Successful cursor operation.

Action: None.

PGU-39504 DD rc *rc, uid, date, time*

Cause: Data Dictionary tracing active. Successful select from dual for current session attributes.

Action: None.

PGU-39510 OC *curop hvar* cursor *curno statement*, rc *upirc*

Cause: Oracle call tracing active. Successful BIND variable operation.

Action: None.

PGU-39512 OC *curop hvar* cursor *curno statement*, rc *upirc*

Cause: Oracle call tracing active. Successful DEFINE operation.

Action: None.

PGU-39513 OC *curop* cursor *curno statement*, rc *upirc*

Cause: Oracle call tracing active. Successful EXECUTE operation.

Action: None.

PGU-39514 OC *curop* cursor *curno statement*, rows *rows*,rc *upirc*

Cause: Oracle call tracing active. Successful FETCH operation.

Action: None.

PGU-39600 TG TIP *tipname*,SFD *tipcall*

Cause: TIP package generation tracing active. Successful generation of TIP specification function definition.

Action: None.

PGU-39601 TG TIP *tipname*,SVD *tipvar*

Cause: TIP package generation tracing active. Successful generation of TIP specification variable definition.

Action: None.

PGU-39602 TG *oper* for *type*=*idno qual1*,*qual2* l=*len* o=*offset*

Cause: TIP package generation tracing active. Successful generation of TIP data conversion logic. This trace entry is written at the completion of generation for every data parameter of a TIP call and for every field of a data parameter. There should be one trace for every parameter exchanged by the TIP and one trace for every data field of each parameter.

Action: None.

PGU-39603 TG DBlink *gw*,rpc *rpc*

Cause: TIP package generation tracing active. Successful generation of specified PGA gateway server RPC.

Action: None.

PGU-39604 TG edit var *var* PLS *pls*

Cause: TIP package generation tracing active. Successful generation of specified PL/SQL variable conversion.

Action: None.

PGU-39605 TG F-chk *name type* f#*f*# fl=*flen typepid*# pl=*plen*

Cause: TIP package generation tracing active. Successful syntax check of COBOL field.

Action: None.

PGU-39606 TG *type* => *item*

Cause: TIP package generation tracing active. Successful syntax check of COBOL field. This trace entry is supplemental to message PGU-39605.

Action: None.

PGU-39607 TG *type* => a#*a*# *name value*

Cause: TIP package generation tracing active. Successful syntax check of COBOL field numeric attribute. This trace entry is supplemental to message PGU-39605.

Action: None.

PGU-39608 TG *type* => a#*a*# *name value*

Cause: TIP package generation tracing active. Successful syntax check of COBOL field numeric attribute. This trace entry is supplemental to message PGU-39605.

Action: None.

PGU-39609 TG *type* => a#*a*# *name value*

Cause: TIP package generation tracing active. Successful syntax check of COBOL field date attribute. This trace entry is supplemental to message PGU-39605.

Action: None.

PGU-39610 TG *oper* for *type#idno qual1, type*

Cause: TIP package generation tracing active. Successful generation of TIP function. This trace entry is written at the completion of generation for every TIP public function. There should be one trace of this type for every CALL defined in the TRANSACTION.

Action: None.

PGU-39620 TG rc *rc, num*

Cause: TIP package generation tracing active. Successful alignment/offset computation.

Action: None.

Messages PGU-41000 to PGU-41119

PGU-41000 Invalid field definition syntax

Cause: A field definition is invalid. There might be invalid punctuation or an invalid keyword present.

Action: Delete invalid punctuation. Replace any invalid keywords.

PGU-41001 unexpected end of input

Cause: An unexpected end of file condition has occurred in the PGAU command stream.

Action: Check the PGAU statement for proper syntax and premature ending on the last line.

PGU-41002 improper REPORT statement

Cause: There is a syntax error in the REPORT statement.

Action: Check for misspelled items or unbalanced parentheses within the REPORT statement.

PGU-41003 invalid data field definition name

Cause: A DEFINE or REDEFINE DATA statement has specified an invalid name *field*, or invalid punctuation for the field definition. A field name must begin with an alphabetic character and contain only alphanumeric characters or an underscore(_). Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the specification of the field name or its delimiters. Supply the field name if it is missing.

PGU-41004 invalid delimiter

Cause: An invalid delimiter has been found, such as a parenthesis or comma in the wrong place.

Action: The delimiter might have to be deleted, or there might be tokens missing before a delimiter.

PGU-41005 invalid PGAU statement syntax

Cause: A token has been found which is not a valid PGAU keyword, delimiter, or identifier name. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the PGAU statement.

PGU-41006 value for parameter '*keyword*' missing

Cause: The parameter keyword *keyword* was properly specified, but parameter value was not found. Syntax checking only continues with the next statement.

Action: Supply the missing parameter value or remove the keyword from the PGAU statement. PGAU parameter values should be enclosed in parentheses immediately following the keyword with no intervening space.

PGU-41007 parameter '*dupparm*' was previously specified

Cause: The parameter *dupparm* has been specified earlier in a PGAU statement and is only allowed once. Syntax checking only continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove one of the duplicated specifications from the statement.

PGU-41008 invalid DATA definition dname specified

Cause: An invalid token has been specified for the data name for a DEFINE DATA or REDEFINE DATA statement. A DATA identifier dname must begin with an alphabetic character and must contain only alphanumeric characters. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the DATA dname identifier in the statement.

PGU-41012 invalid PLSDNAME parameter

Cause: The parameter specified in the PLSDNAME clause of a DEFINE or REDEFINE DATA statement does not comply with PL/SQL syntax for PL/SQL variable names. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the PLSDNAME parameter to use a name which complies with PL/SQL syntax for data variables.

PGU-41013 invalid LANGUAGE parameter

Cause: The LANGUAGE parameter in a DEFINE or REDEFINE DATA statement is not a valid PGA compiler language. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the LANGUAGE parameter to specify a valid PGA compiler language. The only valid language is IBMVSCOBOLII.

PGU-41014 invalid USAGE parameter

Cause: The USAGE parameter in a DEFINE or REDEFINE DATA statement is not a valid PGAU usage. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the USAGE parameter to specify a valid use. Valid use choices are SKIP, ASIS, PASS and NULL.

PGU-41015 USAGE parameter was previously specified

Cause: The USAGE parameter has already been specified in a DEFINE or REDEFINE DATA statement and is only allowed once for each data definition. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of USAGE from the PGAU statement.

PGU-41016 LANGUAGE parameter was previously specified

Cause: The LANGUAGE parameter has already been specified in a DEFINE or REDEFINE DATA statement and is only allowed once for each data definition. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of LANGUAGE from the PGAU statement.

PGU-41017 PLSDNAME parameter was previously specified

Cause: The PLSDNAME parameter has already been specified in a DEFINE or REDEFINE DATA statement and is only allowed once for each data definition. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of PLSDNAME from the statement.

PGU-41018 invalid COMPOPTS parameter

Cause: The COMPOPTS parameter in a DEFINE or REDEFINE DATA statement is not a valid compiler option string recognized by PGAU. Syntax checking only continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the COMPOPTS parameter to specify valid options. The only valid option is 'TRUNC(BIN)'.

PGU-41019 COMPOPTS parameter was previously specified

Cause: The COMPOPTS parameter has already been specified in a DEFINE or REDEFINE DATA statement and is allowed only once, per data definition. Syntax checking only continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of COMPOPTS from the PGAU statement.

PGU-41020 invalid CALL definition cname specified

Cause: The token is not a valid call identifier name for a DEFINE CALL statement. A CALL identifier cname must begin with an alphabetic character and contain only alphanumeric characters. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the CALL cname identifier in the statement.

PGU-41021 PKGCALL parameter was previously specified

Cause: The PKGCALL parameter *keyword* has already been specified in a DEFINE CALL statement and is only allowed once for each call definition. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of PKGCALL from the statement.

PGU-41022 invalid PKGCALL parameter

Cause: The function name specified in the PKGCALL parameter of a DEFINE CALL statement does not comply with PL/SQL syntax for PL/SQL function names. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the PKGCALL parameter to use a name which complies with PL/SQL syntax for function calls.

PGU-41025 invalid VERSION number specified

Cause: The token is not a valid version number in a PGAU DEFINE or UNDEFINE CALL or TRANSACTION statement, or in a GENERATE statement. Valid version numbers are all numeric and must match the Oracle sequence object value reported by a previous DEFINE statement. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the VERSION number in the statement.

PGU-41026 PARMS parameter was previously specified

Cause: The PARMS parameter has already been specified in a DEFINE CALL statement and is only allowed once for each call definition. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of PARMS from the statement.

PGU-41029 invalid TRANSACTION CALL cname specified

Cause: The token is not a valid call identifier name for specifying CALLs in a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement. A CALL identifier cname must begin with an alphabetic character and contain only alphanumeric characters and it must have originated in a previous DEFINE CALL statement. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the TRANSACTION CALL cname parameter in the statement.

PGU-41030 NLS_LANGUAGE parameter was previously specified

Cause: The NLS_LANGUAGE parameter has already been specified in a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement and is only allowed once for each transaction definition. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of NLS_LANGUAGE from the statement.

PGU-41031 parameter '*parm*' specifies undefined Oracle NLS name '*nlsname*'

Cause: The PGAU parameter *parm* specifies an Oracle NLS language name *nlsname* which is not defined on the Oracle server to which PGAU is connected. The language *nlsname* is not defined, possibly because it was not selected when Oracle was installed, or the GENERATE'd TIPs are intended to execute on another Oracle, or it is not a valid Oracle NLS Language, such as misspelled or unsupported. Syntax checking only continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the parameter value to specify a valid Oracle NLS Language, or install the language, or ensure the TIPs execute on a server which has the NLS language installed, (in which case this message can be considered a warning). Valid languages must begin with an alphabetic character, contain only alphanumeric characters, not exceed 40 characters in length. Supported customers can contact Oracle Support Services for assistance with installing or determining NLS language support for your platform.

PGU-41032 ENVIRONMENT parameter was previously specified

Cause: The ENVIRONMENT parameter has already been specified in a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement and is only allowed once for each transaction definition. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of ENVIRONMENT from the statement.

PGU-41033 invalid ENVIRONMENT parameter

Cause: The ENVIRONMENT parameter in a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement is not a valid PGA ENVIRONMENT. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the ENVIRONMENT parameter to specify a valid PGA ENVIRONMENT. The only valid environment is IBM370.

PGU-41034 SIDEPROFILE parameter was previously specified

Cause: The SIDEPROFILE parameter has already been specified in a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement and is only allowed once for each transaction definition. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of SIDEPROFILE from the statement.

PGU-41035 invalid SIDEPROFILE name specified

Cause: The token is not a valid name for specifying an SNA Side Profile in a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement. A Side Profile name must begin with an alphabetic character and contain only alphanumeric characters. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the TRANSACTION SIDEPROFILE parameter in the statement

PGU-41036 LUNAME parameter was previously specified

Cause: The LUNAME parameter has already been specified in a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement and is only allowed once for each transaction definition. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of LUNAME from the statement.

PGU-41037 invalid LUNAME name specified

Cause: The token is not a valid name for specifying an SNA LU name in a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement. An LU name must begin with an alphabetic or national ($, #, @) character and contain only alphanumeric or national characters. If the LU name is fully-qualified, then it can contain a single period (.) separating the network name from the LU name. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the TRANSACTION LUNAME parameter in the statement.

PGU-41038 TPNAME parameter was previously specified

Cause: The TPNAME parameter has already been specified in a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement and is only allowed once for each transaction definition. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of TPNAME from the statement.

PGU-41039 invalid TPNAME name specified

Cause: The token is not a valid name for specifying an SNA TP name in a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement. A TP name must begin with an alphabetic or national ($, #, @) character and contain only alphanumeric or national characters. If the TP name must include a UNIX path specification, then it can contain any characters valid in a UNIX directory or file name, but it must be enclosed in quotes. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the TRANSACTION TPNAME parameter in the statement.

PGU-41040 LOGMODE parameter was previously specified

Cause: The LOGMODE parameter has already been specified in a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement and is only allowed once for each transaction definition. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of LOGMODE from the statement.

PGU-41041 invalid LOGMODE name specified

Cause: The token is not a valid name for specifying an SNA logmode in a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement. A logmode must begin with an alphabetic or national ($, #, @) character and must contain only alphanumeric or national characters. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the TRANSACTION LOGMODE parameter in the statement.

PGU-41042 SYNCLEVEL parameter was previously specified

Cause: The SYNCLEVEL parameter has already been specified in a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement and is only allowed once for each transaction definition. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of SYNCLEVEL from the statement.

PGU-41043 invalid SYNCLEVEL value specified

Cause: The token is not a valid value for specifying an APPC SYNCLEVEL in a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement. The only values allowed for SYNCLEVEL are 0 and 1. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the TRANSACTION SYNCLEVEL parameter in the statement.

PGU-41044 invalid TRANSACTION name

Cause: The token is not a valid transaction identifier name in a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement. A transaction name must begin with an alphabetic character and must contain only alphanumeric characters. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the TRANSACTION name parameter in the statement.

PGU-41045 missing call name in DEFINE TRANSACTION

Cause: PGAU DEFINE TRANSACTION syntax requires a call name which was not found. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the DEFINE TRANSACTION statement to specify a call name.

PGU-41046 SIDEPROFILE omitted: all of LUNAME, TPNAME, and LOGMODE required

Cause: If the SNA SIDEPROFILE parameter is not specified, then the LUNAME, TPNAME and LOGMODE parameters must be specified in a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the DEFINE TRANSACTION statement to specify either the SIDEPROFILE parameter, the LUNAME, TPNAME and LOGMODE parameters, or the SIDEPROFILE parameter and any combination of the LUNAME, TPNAME and LOGMODE parameters.

PGU-41048 CALL parameter was previously specified

Cause: The CALL parameter has already been specified in a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement and is only allowed once for each transaction definition. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of CALL parameter from the statement.

PGU-41049 DEFINE TRANSACTION parameter *parm* previously specified

Cause: The parameter *parm* has already been specified in a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement and is only allowed once per transaction definition. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of the parameter *parm* from the DEFINE TRANSACTION statement.

PGU-41053 VERSION parameter was previously specified

Cause: The VERSION parameter has already been specified and is only allowed once in a GENERATE or REDEFINE statement. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of VERSION from the statement.

PGU-41054 missing version number in VERSION parameter

Cause: The version number must follow the VERSION keyword enclosed in parenthesis in a GENERATE or REDEFINE statement. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the version number specification in the VERSION parameter.

PGU-41055 invalid FIELD or PLSFNAME name for indicated language

Cause: The token is not a valid field identifier name for specifying a FIELD or PLSFNAME parameter in a REDEFINE DATA statement. A field identifier name must begin with an alphabetic character and must contain only alphanumeric characters. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the FIELD or PLSFNAME identifier name in the statement.

PGU-41058 invalid transaction name specified

Cause: The token is not a valid transaction identifier name for a GENERATE statement. A transaction identifier name must begin with an alphabetic character and must contain only alphanumeric characters, and it must have originated in a previous DEFINE TRANSACTION statement. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the transaction identifier name in the statement.

PGU-41059 PKGNAME parameter was previously specified

Cause: The PKGNAME parameter has already been specified in a GENERATE statement and is only allowed once for each GENERATE request. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of PKGNAME from the statement.

PGU-41060 invalid PKGNAME name specified

Cause: The token is not a valid identifier name for specifying the PL/SQL TIP package name in a GENERATE statement. A package name identifier must begin with an alphabetic character and must contain only alphanumeric characters. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the GENERATE PKGNAME parameter in the statement.

PGU-41061 OUTFILE parameter was previously specified

Cause: The OUTFILE parameter has already been specified in a GENERATE statement and is only allowed once for each GENERATE request. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of OUTFILE from the statement.

PGU-41063 DIAGNOSE parameter was previously specified

Cause: The DIAGNOSE parameter has already been specified in a GENERATE statement and is only allowed once for each GENERATE request. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of DIAGNOSE from the statement.

PGU-41064 PGANODE parameter was previously specified

Cause: The PGANODE parameter has already been specified in a GENERATE statement and is only allowed once for each GENERATE request. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of PGANODE from the statement.

PGU-41065 invalid PGANODE name specified

Cause: The token is not a valid PGA node identifier name in a GENERATE statement. A PGA node identifier name must begin with an alphabetic character and must contain only alphanumeric characters, and it must be a valid Oracle database link name. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the PGANODE parameter in the statement.

PGU-41068 unable to open the input definition file

Cause: An error occurred opening the input definition file specified with the INFILE parameter in a DEFINE or REDEFINE DATA statement. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Ensure that the input definition file exists and that read access is allowed to the input definition file.

PGU-41070 COBOL inline definition must start with left-paren at line end

Cause: A COBOL inline definition starts with a left parenthesis. The left parenthesis must be the last character on the line preceding any COBOL data definition statements.

Action: Ensure that an inline COBOL data definition starts on a line following a left parenthesis.

PGU-41071 missing LANGUAGE parameter

Cause: PGAU DEFINE or REDEFINE DATA syntax requires a LANGUAGE parameter which was not found. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the DEFINE or REDEFINE DATA statement to specify a LANGUAGE parameter.

PGU-41072 OPTIONS parameter was previously specified

Cause: The OPTIONS parameter has already been specified in a GENERATE statement and is only allowed once per GENERATE request. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of OPTIONS from the statement.

PGU-41073 repeated OPTIONS subparameter

Cause: The indicated subparameter was previously specified in an OPTIONS parameter. The only valid OPTIONS subparameter is UDF. It may be specified only once per GENERATE statement. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the duplicate subparameter from the OPTIONS specification.

PGU-41075 TRACE parameter was previously specified

Cause: The TRACE parameter has already been specified in a GENERATE statement and is only allowed once for each GENERATE request. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of TRACE from the statement.

PGU-41076 repeated TRACE or PKGEX parameter

Cause: The indicated parameter was previously specified in a DIAGNOSE TRACE or PKGEX parameter. The valid parameters are SE, IT, QM, IO, DD, TG, OC, DC, DR and each can be specified only once for each GENERATE statement. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the duplicate parameter from the TRACE or PKGEX specification.

PGU-41077 PKGEX parameter was previously specified

Cause: The PKGEX parameter has already been specified in a GENERATE statement and is only allowed once for each GENERATE request. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of PKGEX from the statement.

PGU-41079 data definition *dname* version *dver* inserted into PG DD

Cause: PGAU inserted the data definition *dname* with version number *dver* as the result of processing a DEFINE DATA statement.

Action: Note the VERSION number of the data definition for future reference.

PGU-41080 call definition *cname* version *cver* inserted into PG DD

Cause: PGAU inserted the call definition *cname* with version number *cver* as the result of processing a DEFINE CALL statement.

Action: Note the VERSION number of the call definition for future reference.

PGU-41081 transaction definition *tname* version *tver* inserted into PG DD

Cause: PGAU inserted the transaction definition *tname* with version number *tver* as the result of processing a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement.

Action: Note the VERSION number of the transaction definition for future reference.

PGU-41082 data definition *dname* version *dver* updated in PG DD

Cause: PGAU updated the data definition *dname* with version number *dver* as the result of processing a REDEFINE DATA statement.

Action: None required. This is an informational message.

PGU-41083 data definition *dname* version *dver* deleted from PG DD

Cause: PGAU deleted the data definition *dname* with version number *dver* as the result of processing an UNDEFINE DATA statement.

Action: None required. This is an informational message.

PGU-41084 call definition *cname* version *cver* deleted from PG DD

Cause: PGAU deleted the call definition *cname* with version number *cver* as the result of processing an UNDEFINE CALL statement.

Action: None required. This is an informational message.

PGU-41085 transaction definition *tname* version *tver* deleted from PG DD

Cause: PGAU deleted the transaction definition *tname* with version number *tver* as the result of processing an UNDEFINE TRANSACTION statement.

Action: None required. This is an informational message.

PGU-41086 length of *var* token exceeds maximum allowed length of *len*

Cause: The object name of type *var* is longer than the maximum length *len* allowed by PGAU. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Reduce the length of the indicated name.

PGU-41087 data name *dname* does not exist

Cause: A DEFINE CALL references a data definition name *dname* that does not exist.

Action: Use only previously defined data definitions in a DEFINE CALL statement.

PGU-41088 data name *dname* or specified version (*dver*) of data name *dname* does not exist

Cause: A DEFINE CALL references a data definition name *dname* that does not exist, or specified a non-existent version *dver* of the data definition *dname*.

Action: Use only previously defined data definitions in a DEFINE CALL statement.

PGU-41089 call name *cname* does not exist

Cause: A DEFINE TRANSACTION references a call definition name *cname* that does not exist.

Action: Use only previously defined call definitions in a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement.

PGU-41090 call name *cname* or specified version (*cver*) of call name *cname* does not exist

Cause: A DEFINE TRANSACTION references a call definition name *cname* that does not exist, or specified a non-existent version *cver* of the call definition *cname*.

Action: Use only previously defined call definitions in a DEFINE TRANSACTION statement.

PGU-41091 data name *dname* does not exist

Cause: An UNDEFINE DATA references a data definition name *dname* that does not exist.

Action: Use only previously defined data definitions in an UNDEFINE DATA statement.

PGU-41092 data name *dname* or specified version (dver) of data name *dname* does not exist

Cause: An UNDEFINE DATA references a data definition name *dname* that does not exist, or specified a non-existent version *dver* of the data definition *dname*.

Action: Use only previously defined data definitions in an UNDEFINE DATA statement.

PGU-41093 call name *cname* does not exist

Cause: An UNDEFINE CALL references a call definition name *cname* that does not exist.

Action: Use only previously defined call definitions in an UNDEFINE CALL statement.

PGU-41094 call name *cname* or specified version (*cver*) of call name *cname* does not exist

Cause: An UNDEFINE CALL references a call definition name *cname* that does not exist, or specified a non-existent version *cver* of the call definition *cname*.

Action: Use only previously defined call definitions in an UNDEFINE CALL statement.

PGU-41095 transaction name *tname* does not exist

Cause: An UNDEFINE TRANSACTION references a transaction definition name *tname* that does not exist.

Action: Use only previously defined transaction definitions in an UNDEFINE TRANSACTION statement.

PGU-41096 transaction name *tname* or specified version (*tver*) of transaction name *tname* does not exist

Cause: An UNDEFINE TRANSACTION references a transaction definition name *tname* that does not exist, or specified a non-existent version *tver* of the transaction definition *tname*.

Action: Use only previously defined transaction definitions in an UNDEFINE TRANSACTION statement.

PGU-41097 language parameter given in REDEFINE DATA conflicts with DEFINE DATA

Cause: The LANGUAGE parameter in a REDEFINE DATA statement for a given dataname specifies a different language than the language originally specified in the DEFINE DATA statement for the given dataname.

Action: Change the LANGUAGE parameter in the REDEFINE DATA statement to that of the original DEFINE DATA statement. The associated language-dependent field definitions must also be changed.

PGU-41100 FIELD parameter on REDEFINE specifies unknown field name (*fname*)

Cause: A REDEFINE with the FIELD parameter specifies a field name, *fname*, that does not currently exist in the data object being redefined.

Action: Specify the correct field name on the FIELD parameter. Use the REPORT DATA statement to list current field names.

PGU-41101 INFILE parameter given on DEFINE DATA with inline data

Cause: An INFILE parameter was found on a DEFINE DATA statement, but an inline data definition was also found. Only one of the two forms is allowed in a single DEFINE DATA statement.

Action: Remove the INFILE specification or the inline data definition.

PGU-41102 data definition missing on *inline* DATA

Cause: Neither an inline data definition nor an INFILE parameter was found in a DEFINE DATA or REDEFINE DATA statement. One of these is required in a DEFINE DATA statement. One of these might be required in a REDEFINE DATA statement, depending on which other parameters are specified.

Action: Specify either an INFILE parameter or an inline data definition.

PGU-41103 INFILE parameter previously specified

Cause: The INFILE parameter has already been specified in a DEFINE DATA or REDEFINE DATA statement and is only allowed once per data definition or redefinition. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Remove the second specification of INFILE from the statement.

PGU-41105 memory exhausted

Cause: An attempt to allocate memory failed.

Action: Supported customers can contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGU-41106 missing left parenthesis in a GROUP

Cause: A left parenthesis must immediately follow a GROUP verb.

Action: Examine the source for the missing left parenthesis.

PGU-41107 GROUP within a GROUP not allowed

Cause: A GROUP was found within a GROUP.

Action: There is no need to have a recursive GROUP. Delete the inner GROUP along with its enclosing parentheses.

PGU-41108 data definition *dataname* does not exist

Cause: A data name was specified but does not exist.

Action: Check the data name for a misspelling. Or if an explicit version was specified, then recheck for misnumbering. Use the REPORT verb to find out what exists.

PGU-41109 field name *fieldname* does not exist in data definition *dataname*

Cause: A REDEFINE for field specified a field that did not exist in the given data definition.

Action: Check the data name or field name for misspelling. Or if an explicit version was specified, then recheck for misnumbering. Use the REPORT verb to find out what exists.

PGU-41110 field name *fieldname* appears multiple times in data definition *dataname*

Cause: A REDEFINE specified a field name that was defined more than once.

Action: Replace the ambiguous field name with a qualified field name. An example of a qualified field name is FIELD1.SUBFIELD2. It might be easier to just REPORT the DATA designation into an output file, edit the output file and REDEFINE the DATA object.

PGU-41111 missing *token* name

Cause: A DEFINE or REDEFINE statement is missing the name of a transaction object, a call object. The type of object is *token*.

Action: Supply the missing name, as well as any other parameters that are needed.

PGU-41112 invalid name for UNDEFINE *token*

Cause: The identifier name in an UNDEFINE statement is invalid. It must begin with an alphabetic character and contain only alphanumeric characters. The type of object is *token*.

Action: Check the identifier name for invalid characters and correct them.

PGU-41113 invalid WITH operand

Cause: The token is not a valid operand in a WITH phrase. Only DATA and CALL statements are valid operands.

Action: A WITH phrase must be followed by a DATA or CALL operand.

PGU-41114 duplicate WITH operand

Cause: An identical WITH phrase has been previously found in this statement.

Action: Delete one of the identical phrases.

PGU-41115 invalid WITH operand in this context

Cause: A WITH phrase has been found in an invalid context. The phrase WITH CALLS can appear only in an UNDEFINE TRANSACTION statement. The phrase WITH DATA cannot appear in an UNDEFINE DATA statement.

Action: Delete the invalid WITH phrase.

PGU-41119 expecting one of DATA, CALL, or TRANSACTION in a DEFINE

Cause: One of DATA, CALL, or TRANSACTION must be given to specify the type of object being defined.

Action: Insert a DATA, CALL, or TRANSACTION operand in the command.

Messages PGU-41120 to PGU-42042

PGU-41120 VERSION parameter conflicts with UNDEFINE ALL

Cause: A VERSION parameter was found in an UNDEFINE ALL.

Action: Either delete the ALL (in UNDEFINE ALL) or delete the VERSION parameter.

PGU-41121 invalid DIAGNOSE parameter

Cause: An invalid subparameter was found within a DIAGNOSE parameter.

Action: Check the subparameter for misspelling.

PGU-41122 no transaction name given in a GENERATE statement

Cause: The transaction name is missing.

Action: Specify a transaction name.

PGU-41123 expecting DATA (type of object)

Cause: At this point in the REDEFINE, *token* was expected.

Action: Insert *token* into the REDEFINE statement.

PGU-41124 expecting one of DATA, CALL, or TRANSACTION in an UNDEFINE

Cause: Either DATA, CALL, or TRANSACTION must be specified to identify the type of object to be deleted.

Action: Insert either DATA, CALL, or TRANSACTION into the command.

PGU-41125 expecting the name of a *token* object

Cause: The type of object (DATA, CALL, or TRANSACTION) must be followed by a name for the object.

Action: Insert the name of a DATA, CALL, or TRANSACTION object.

PGU-41126 WITH token immediately followed by another WITH token

Cause: There are two successive WITH tokens in the command input stream.

Action: Insert DATA or CALLS after the WITH token depending on which type of referenced objects should also be undefined or reported.

PGU-41127 a DATA or CALLS token was found but was not preceded by a WITH token

Cause: There is a missing WITH token before DATA or CALLS.

Action: Insert the WITH token in the appropriate place.

PGU-41128 a WITH token ends *statement*

Cause: A WITH token was found as the last token in an UNDEFINE or REPORT command.

Action: The WITH token must be followed either by DATA or CALLS to delete or report all referenced DATA or CALLS.

PGU-41129 parameter *parm* invalid without FIELD parameter

Cause: The FIELD parameter is a prerequisite to specify the *parm* parameter because *parm* applies to FIELDs within a DATA redefinition. PGAU REDEFINE parameters which require FIELD are:

PLSFNAME
CODEPAGE

Action: Include the FIELD parameter in the REDEFINE statement to indicate to which FIELD the redefinition of *parm* applies, or remove the *parm* specification.

PGU-41131 FIELD specified, but USAGE, PLSFNAME, or language input absent

Cause: The FIELD parameter must be accompanied by at least one of the following keywords:

USAGE
PLSFNAME
INFILE

Action: Ensure that at least one of the keywords specified above is specified.

PGU-41132 language input defines more than one field

Cause: A REDEFINE DATA with the FIELD option indicates that a single field is being redefined. The language input contained definitions for more than one field.

Action: Delete the extra field definitions.

PGU-41133 language input defines no data field for REDEFINE ... FIELD(...)

Cause: A REDEFINE DATA with the FIELD option indicates that a single field is being redefined. However, the language input contained no field definitions.

Action: Supply the (single) field definition in the language input.

PGU-41134 no *type* PGAU objects satisfied the REPORT request

Cause: A REPORT command requested information about a PGAU data object with a type specified by *type*, but no object of that type was found.

Action: This is an informational message. No action is required.

PGU-41135 no PGAU *type* objects named *name* satisfied the REPORT request

Cause: A REPORT command requested information about a PGAU data object with a type specified by type and named *name*. But no object with that name was found.

Action: This is an informational message. No action is required.

PGU-41136 no *type* PGAU object named *name* at version *ver* satisfied the REPORT request

Cause: A REPORT command requested information about a specific PGAU data object with a type specified by *type*, a name of *name*, and a version of *ver*. But no object with that name and version was found.

Action: This is an informational message. No action is required.

PGU-41137 too many version requests; maximum of *max* allowed

Cause: The VERSION parameter of a REPORT request has too many subparameters. *max* is the maximum allowed.

Action: Split the request into multiple REPORT statements.

PGU-41138 missing *object* name

Cause: The *object* name is missing in a REPORT statement.

Action: Supply this missing name.

PGU-41139 use of VERSION parameter conflicts with ALL parameter

Cause: A VERSION parameter has been found. But an ALL parameter has also been found (specifying all versions).

Action: Delete the ALL parameter or the VERSION parameter.

PGU-41140 version number expected

Cause: A version number was expected at this point.

Action: Supply a version number or delete the entire VERSION parameter.

PGU-41141 an invalid version number was found

Cause: A non-numeric string was found when scanning for a version number.

Action: Check the statement for missing delimiters.

PGU-41142 version parameter has already been specified

Cause: The VERSION parameter has already been found.

Action: Delete a VERSION parameter so that only one is left.

PGU-41143 this type of WITH operand invalid with a *type* object

Cause: The WITH phrase is invalid with respect to the *type* object. For example, REPORT DATA ... WITH DATA is invalid.

Action: Delete the invalid WITH phrase.

PGU-41144 default PKGCALL parameter truncated to *value*

Cause: The PKGCALL parameter was defaulted in a DEFINE CALL statement and normally takes the value of the CALL object name. However, the length of the CALL object name is greater than the maximum length allowed for the PKGCALL parameter, which is 30. The default value used is *value*.

Action: This is an informational message. No action is required.

PGU-41145 default PLSDNAME parameter truncated to *value*

Cause: The PLSDNAME parameter was defaulted in a DEFINE DATA statement and normally takes the value of the DATA object name. However, the length of the DATA object name is greater than the maximum length allowed for the PLSDNAME parameter, which is 30. The default value used is *value*.

Action: This is an informational message. No action is required.

PGU-41146 invalid INFILE parameter

Cause: The INFILE parameter in a DEFINE or REDEFINE DATA statement does not designate a valid filename. Only syntax checking continues with the next statement.

Action: Correct the INFILE parameter to specify a valid filename.

PGU-42001 ALL not valid in VALUE(S) clause at level 88

Cause: ALL cannot be specified in a level 88 (condition-names) entry.

Action: Delete the reserved word ALL.

PGU-42002 COPY statement ended prematurely

Cause: There are missing operands in the COPY clause.

Action: Supply missing operands.

PGU-42003 COPY reserved word found within a COPY clause

Cause: COPY clause found embedded within another COPY clause.

Action: Examine COPY clauses. The statement terminator might be missing.

PGU-42004 COPY not allowed as operand-1 or operand-2 in COPY REPLACING

Cause: COPY reserved word not allowed as operand-1 or operand-2 in the REPLACING clause of a COPY statement.

Action: If operand-1, then replace COPY with some other word here and in the copied source file. If operand-2, then examine offending COPY clause for missing terminator or reserved words.

PGU-42005 COPY statement: nothing to copy

Cause: No filename operand given in COPY clause.

Action: Supply filename operand in COPY clause.

PGU-42006 invalid token *token i*n line as follows

Cause: An unrecognized token was found when checking for a COBOL reserved word.

Action: Check source around unrecognized token for other missing reserved word or missing statement terminator.

PGU-42007 invalid EJECT statement

Cause: An EJECT statement cannot be given with operands.

Action: Delete the extraneous text after EJECT, up to the statement terminator.

PGU-42008 invalid SKIP*n* statement

Cause: A SKIP1, SKIP2, or SKIP3 statement cannot have operands.

Action: Delete the extraneous text after the SKIP*n*, up to the statement terminator.

PGU-42009 *text of source line*

Cause: This is an echo of the offending source line.

Action: Peruse this line with respect to a previous error message.

PGU-42010 level-number with *num* digits exceeds maximum of two

Cause: Level numbers are restricted to a maximum of two digits.

Action: Ensure level number is in range 01 - 49, 66, 77, or 88.

PGU-42011 invalid level number of *num* found

Cause: Level numbers are restricted to 01 - 49, 66, 77, or 88.

Action: Change level number.

PGU-42012 level 01 or 77 has yet to be found

Cause: Record definition must start at level 01 or 77. A level other than 01 or 77 has been found.

Action: Examine source for missing level 01 or 77 definition. If the offending definition is a top-level for a record, then renumber it to level 01 or 77.

PGU-42013 level 01 or 77 not yet been found or begun between columns a and *b*

Cause: There is a missing level 01 or 77 in the source file, or the 01 or 77 did not start within the columns limit specified by margins A and B.

Action: If level 01 or 77 appears, then ensure that it starts before margin B. If level 01 or 77 does not appear, then a renumbering of levels might be appropriate.

PGU-42014 RENAMES clause must be at level 66

Cause: The RENAMES reserved word can be used only at level 66.

Action: Renumber the level to 66.

PGU-42015 multiple *type* clauses found

Cause: Multiple instances of a clause were found and multiple instances of the type of clause given are not allowed with a data definition.

Action: Ensure that there is only one instance of the type of clause given.

PGU-42016 invalid figurative_type value passed

Cause: This is an internal error.

Action: Supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGU-42017 VALUES can be used only at level 88

Cause: The VALUES keyword can only be specified in a data definition describing a condition and only at level 88.

Action: If the definition describes a condition, then ensure that it is at level 88. If the definition does not describe a condition, then use VALUE IS rather than VALUES ARE.

PGU-42018 could not open input file *filename*

Cause: The specified input file could not be opened for reading.

Action: Ensure that the file exists and allows read access.

PGU-42019 REDEFINES clause should be first clause

Cause: A REDEFINES clause must appear before any other clause in a data definition.

Action: Move the REDEFINES clause to the beginning of the data definition immediately after the data definition name.

PGU-42020 RENAMES *dn-1* (THROUGH) *dn-2* must stand alone

Cause: If a RENAMES clause appears in a data definition, then it must be the ONLY clause.

Action: Delete other clauses.

PGU-42021 unterminated record definition found

Cause: An end-of-file was found before the ending statement terminator. A common cause for this is a line going beyond column 72 in the COBOL definition.

Action: Check last records in input file for a missing statement terminator.

PGU-42022 VALUES clause must be the only clause at level 88

Cause: The only clause allowed at level 88 is a VALUE or VALUES clause.

Action: Delete any clauses other than a VALUE or VALUES clause at level 88.

PGU-42024 missing period-separator in TITLE statement

Cause: A TITLE statement is not ended by a period separator.

Action: Check for missing period separator.

PGU-42025 invalid TITLE statement

Cause: Invalid format for TITLE statement.

Action: Check format of TITLE statement.

PGU-42026 COPY copies a COPY REPLACING or vice versa

Cause: The source file copied by a COPY statement cannot contain a COPY ... REPLACING statement. The source file copied by a COPY ... REPLACING statement cannot have a COPY statement.

Action: Correct the file in error.

PGU-42027 in line *num* of file *filename* as follows

Cause: This message follows another message that describes the actual error. The line following this message echoes the input COBOL source line.

Action: Peruse messages immediately before and after this message.

PGU-42028 invalid USAGE token: *token*

Cause: An invalid word follows USAGE in a USAGE clause. The word might be valid in COBOL dialects, but not in the dialect specified.

Action: Replace operand in USAGE clause with a valid USAGE for the specified COBOL dialect, or specify a different COBOL dialect.

PGU-42029 reserved word *word* is invalid as a PICTURE

Cause: A reserved word was used as a PICTURE operand.

Action: Check PICTURE clause for missing PICTURE operand.

PGU-42030 a *type* clause has been prematurely terminated

Cause: A clause of the type *type* has ended, but there are missing operands.

Action: Check the clause for missing operands.

PGU-42031 *type* phrase is misplaced after type phrase

Cause: A phrase introduced by *type* cannot come after a phrase introduced by *phrase*. Certain phrases must precede other phrases in a data definition. For instance, a ASCENDING [KEY] phrase must appear before an INDEXED clause.

Action: Reverse the placement of the phrases.

PGU-42032 state value *type* is *value*

Cause: An internal error has occurred in the PGAU COBOL parser.

Action: Reproduce the error with full diagnostics enabled and save all related input and output files and listings. Supported customers should contact Oracle Support Services for assistance.

PGU-42033 extraneous text at column *col*

Cause: Extraneous text has been found at the end of a record definition.

Action: The only source text that can follow the terminating "." of an Oracle record definition is a COPY, EJECT, or SKIP*n* statement. Check to see if the terminating "." has been misplaced.

PGU-42034 COPY for file *filename* is recursive

Cause: A COPY statement for file, *filename*, has been found while processing a previous occurrence of a COPY for the same file.

Action: Check the COBOL source for the recursive COPY. A single COPY file might need to be replaced with multiple, uniquely-named COPY files to achieve your desired results.

PGU-42035 invalid null operand-1 in pseudo-text in a COPY REPLACING clause

Cause: The first operand in a REPLACING clause is pseudo-text, but the token is null.

Action: Replace the null pseudo-text string with a non-null string.

PGU-42036 invalid input in *type* clause or paragraph

Cause: There is invalid syntax in a DECIMAL-POINT or CURRENCY clause or in an OBJECT-COMPUTER or SOURCE-COMPUTER paragraph.

Action: Check the indicated source line(s) for syntactical errors.

PGU-42037 missing END-EXEC token

Cause: An END-EXEC was not found while processing an EXEC clause.

Action: Insert an END-EXEC where appropriate. If the COBOL source was generated by another product, then regenerate the source using that product.

PGU-42038 invalid use of reserved word *word*

Cause: A reserved word was found in an illegal context.

Action: Check to see if a reserved word is being used where a user data name would normally appear.

PGU-42039 in line as follows

Cause: This message follows another message describing the actual error. The line following this message echoes the input COBOL source line.

Action: Refer to the messages issued immediately before and after this message.

PGU-42040 DEPENDING ON phrase missing in OCCURS clause

Cause: An OCCURS clause describes a variable length table. The DEPENDING ON phrase is required to determine the size of the current instance of the table. The DEPENDING ON clause is missing.

Action: Supply the DEPENDING ON clause or make the table a fixed length table.

PGU-42041 missing or invalid USAGE clause for DBCS PIC clause

Cause: A PICTURE clause specifies a DBCS datatype, but the required USAGE IS DISPLAY-1 clause is missing or invalid.

Action: Supply the USAGE clause or revise the PIC datatype to both required DBCS.

PGU-42042 LENGTH IS clause not allowed for numeric or edited data

Cause: A LENGTH IS clause was specified for a data item that is not non-edited character data.

Action: Remove the LENGTH IS clause or change the PICTURE clause for the data item to specify a non-edited, character data mask.

4

pg4tcpmap Tool Messages

This chapter lists the messages issued by the Oracle Procedural Gateway for the TCP/IP mapping tool (pg4tcpmap), and provides a possible cause and recommended action for each message.

This chapter contains the following section:

Messages PGU-50001 to PGU-50101

PGU-50001 Error reading the log file

Cause: An error occurred reading the log file.

Action: Determine the cause of the problem and correct it before restarting the pg4tcpmap tool.

PGU-50002 no data found

Cause: The predicate that was chosen to delete the row from the PGA_TCP_MAP table is not found.

Action: Determine the cause of the problem and correct it before restarting the pg4tcpmap tool.

PGU-50003 *parm* length of *len* exceeds the maximum of *max*

Cause: The parameter *parm* length *len* passed to the pg4tcpmap tool was larger than the maximum allowed (*max)*.

Action: Correct the parameter in error and recall the pg4tcpmap tool. For more information, refer to the *Oracle Procedural Gateway for APPC User's Guide*.

PGU-50004 pg4tcpmap has ended in failure

Cause: An error occurred during processing of the pg4tcpmap tool. This message is preceded by additional messages providing more information about the error.

Action: Refer to the messages preceding this one to determine the course of action.

PGU-50101 You have entered an invalid value

Cause: This is a warning that you have entered an invalid value.

Action: The question will be asked again. Enter a valid value.

Index